

WEST SENECA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



District-Wide School Safety Plan 2025-2026 **DRAFT**

**NOTE: All confidential or sensitive information has been
deleted from this plan.**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

SECTION 1000: GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS By Policy Number

A.	Purpose	1100
B.	District-Wide Safety Team Members	1200
C.	Concept of Operations	1300
D.	Plan Review and Public Comment	1400

SECTION 2000: GENERAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANNING

A.	Identification of Sites of Potential Emergencies	2100 - 2102
B.	Plans for Taking the Following Actions in Response to an Emergency Where Appropriate	2200 - 2240
C.	District Resources Available for Use During an Emergency	2300 - 2325
D.	Descriptions of Procedures to Coordinate School District Resources and Manpower During Emergencies	2400 - 2410
E.	Procedures for Annual Multi-Hazard School Training for Staff and Students	2500
F.	Procedures for the Review and Conduct of Drills and Other Exercises to Test the Components of the Plan	2600

SECTION 3000: RESPONDING TO THREATS AND ACTS OF VIOLENCE

A.	Policies and Procedures for Responding to Implied or Direct Threats of Violence by Students, Teachers, Visitors and Others	3000
B.	Standard Operating Procedures for Emergencies	3101 - 3151
C.	Policies and Procedures to Contact Parents, Guardians or Persons in Parental Relation in the Event of a Violent Incident or an Early Dismissal	3200 - 3210

SECTION 4000: COMMUNICATION WITH OTHERS

A.	Description of the Arrangements for Obtaining Assistance	4100
B.	Article 2-B of the Executive Law	4200
C.	Non-Public School Information and Procedures to Contact	4300 - 4305

TABLE OF CONTENTS - Continued

SECTION 5000: PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION STRATEGIES

A.	Policies and Procedures Related to School Building Security	5000
B.	Policies and Procedures for the Dissemination of Informative Materials Regarding the Early Detection of Potentially Violent Behaviors	5100
C.	Appropriate Prevention and Intervention Strategies.....	5200
D.	Strategies for Improving Communication Between Students and Staff and Reporting Potentially Violent Incidents	
E.	Description of Duties and Required Training of Hall Monitors and Other School Safety Personnel	5400

APPENDICES

Appendix I	- Buildings covered by the District Plan	Page 126
Appendix II	- Emergency Remote Instruction Plan	Page 127

INTRODUCTION

The Safe Schools Against Violence in Education Act (SAVE) was passed by the New York State Legislature and signed into law by Governor Pataki on July 24, 2000. Project SAVE culminates the work of the Task Force on School Violence chaired by Lieutenant Governor Donohue. The Task Force consisted of a broad range of qualified people from all parts of the state including students, parents, teachers, school administrators, law enforcement experts, business leaders, mental health professionals and local elected officials. From its inception in January 1999, the Task Force sought information concerning the best school violence prevention and intervention practices in the state and the nation. Ten public hearings were held throughout the state, providing a rich array of recommendations from local communities about ways to ensure the safety of New York's students. The Task Force's final report, *Safer Schools for the 21st Century*, contained a series of recommendations intended to reduce incidents of violence in schools and strengthen schools' capacities for responding to emergencies that could affect the health and safety of children.

The New York State Board of Regents approved amendments to the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education as emergency measures in November 2000 to ensure compliance with the new legislation. The revised regulations in Section 155.17 of the Commissioner's Regulations contain the requirements for schools concerning school safety plans. A major component of SAVE is the development of school safety plans at the district and at the school building levels. At the district level, the new *District-Wide School Safety Plan* replaces the current school emergency management plan that is required for all districts. At the school building level, a newly required *School Building Emergency Response Plan* must be prepared for each school building in the state. Together, these plans are intended to provide the means for each school district and all the buildings in the district to respond to acts of violence and other disasters through prevention, intervention, emergency response, and management.

**SECTION 1000: GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS and PLANNING
GUIDELINES**

A. Purpose1100

B. Identification of School Teams.....1200

C. Concept of Operations1300

D. Plan Review and Public Comment1400

A

A. PURPOSE

The District-Wide School Safety Plan was developed pursuant to Commissioner's Regulation 155.17. At the direction of the West Seneca Central School District Board of Education, the Superintendent of West Seneca Central School District appointed a District-Wide School Safety Team and charged it with the development and maintenance of the District-Wide School Safety Plan.

The Director of Pupil Personnel Services has been designated as the Chief Emergency Officer and is charged with coordinating communication between staff and first responders, ensuring staff understanding of the district-level safety plan, and ensuring that Building Level plans are updated yearly.

B

B. DISTRICT-WIDE SAFETY TEAM MEMBERS

The West Seneca Central School District has created a District-Wide School Safety Team consisting of, but not limited to, representatives of the School Board, students, teachers, administrators, parent organizations, school safety personnel and other school personnel.

District Safety Team Committee 2025-2026

Last Name	First Name	Title/ Organization
Alessi	Kaitlin	CE Rep-Teacher
Cosgrove	Brian	WSPD- Chief of Police
Barr	Mick	WSCSD Director of Buildings and Grounds
Beback	Thomas	SRO – East Middle School
Bedient	Edward	WSCSD Board of Education President
Brady	Robyn	Director of ELA and World languages
Brinker	John	Principal West Senior High School
Bokman	Matt	NY Schools Insurance Reciprocal
Conley	Eric	Fire Chief -Seneca Hose WS Head Emergency Manager
Dole	Mike	Fire Chief – Reserve Hose Fire Co
Fallacaro-Dougherty	Marissa	WSCSD Athletic Director
Ferri	Angela	Principal Northwood Elementary
Fitzpatrick	Brenna	Social Worker-NE
Fowler	Jacquelyn	WSCSD Asst. Superintendent
Frawley	Dr. Kristen	Principal West Elementary
Guarino	Roy	WSCSD Security
Hanley	Sean	Social Worker-Allendale Elementary
Jones	Jennifer	WSCSD- Head of Transportation
Kean	Dave	Principal West Middle School
Kneis	Adam	Erie 1 BOCES Safety Risk
Knight	Jaimie	Principal, Winchester-Potters Elementary
Krawczyk	Jeremy	Fire Chief - Winchester Fire Co
Locher	Norman	Fire Chief- East Seneca Hose Fire
Loughran	Dr. Sharon	WSCSD Director of Pupil Personnel Services

C

C. CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

- The District-Wide School Safety Plan shall be directly linked to the individual Building-Level Emergency Response Plans for each school building. Protocols reflected in the District-Wide School Safety Plan will guide the development and implementation of individual Building-Level Emergency Response Plans.
- In the event of an emergency or violent incident, the initial response to all emergencies at an individual school will be by the School Emergency Response Team.
- Upon the activation of the School Emergency Response Team, the Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee will be notified and, where appropriate, local emergency officials will also be notified.
- Local emergency officials play an important role in managing response actions in emergency situations. Assistance from these officials is obtained by:
 - 1) Asking for their input in the planning process. If possible, include them as a member of the district-wide and building teams.
 - 2) Include them in the training of staff and students.
 - 3) Use their expertise and experience in the conduct of all drills, including tabletop exercises.
 - 4) Discussing all resources available if Article 2-B is invoked.
- Efforts may be supplemented by county and state resources through existing protocols.

D

D. PLAN REVIEW AND PUBLIC COMMENT

- This plan shall be reviewed and maintained by the District-Wide School Safety Team and reviewed on an annual basis on or before September 1 of each year.
- Pursuant to Commissioner's Regulation 155.17(e)(3), this plan will be made available for public comment 30 days prior to its adoption. The district-wide and building-level plans may be adopted by the School Board only after at least one public hearing that provides for the participation of school personnel, parents, students and any other interested parties. The plan must be formally adopted by the Board of Education.
- While linked to the District-Wide School Safety Plan, Building-Level Emergency Response Plans shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under Article 6 of the Public Officers Law or any other provision of law, in accordance with Education Law Section 2801-a.
- Full copies of the District-Wide School Safety Plan and any amendments will be submitted to the New York State Education Department within 30 days of adoption. Updated copies of the Building-Level Emergency Response Plans will be supplied to both local and State Police by October 15th of each year.

**SECTION 2000: GENERAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE
PLANNING**

A. Identification of sites of potential emergency, including:

- The process for identifying the sites,2100
(School Safety Audit Checklist)
- Identification of Sites of Potential Emergencies Guideline2101
- The location of potential sites.....2102

B. Plans for taking the following actions in response to an
emergency where appropriate, including but not limited to:

- Emergency closing.....2205
- Early dismissal.....2210
- Evacuation (before, during and after school2215
hours, including security during evacuation and
evacuation routes)
- Shelter in Place/Location.....2220
- Lockdown2225
- Sheltering sites (internal and external).....2230
Agreements 2235 - 2240

C. The identification of district resources which may be
available for use during an emergency, including the
identification of personnel and other resources.

- Student/Staff Populations 2300 - 2301
- Personnel Resources 2305 - 2310
- Communication Resources, Specifics 2315 - 2316
- Transportation Resources2320
- Vehicle Inventory2325

**SECTION 2000: GENERAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE
PLANNING - Continued**

D. Description of procedures to coordinate the use
of school district resources and manpower during
emergencies, including:

- Identification of the officials authorized to2400
make decisions (Chain of Command)
- Variations of Emergencies and Chain of Command2401
- Command Center Location.....2402
- Identification of the staff members assigned to 2403 - 2406
provide assistance during emergencies, district,
building level
- Public Information/Media Notification Plan2410

E. Procedures for annual multi-hazard school training for2500
staff and students, including the strategies for
implementing training related to multi-hazards

F. Procedures for the review and conduct of drills and other2600
exercises to test components of the emergency response
plan, including the use of tabletop exercises, in coordination
with local and county emergency responders and prepared-
ness officials

- Tabletop Exercises2601

A

A. IDENTIFICATION OF SITES OF POTENTIAL EMERGENCIES

GUIDELINES

When developing a specific list of potential sites for emergencies, *at the building level*, there are many variables that could serve as a catalyst or provide the environment for an emergency to take place at that site. Sites that have these variables or environment have been considered in the following list:

ON-SITE

- various chemical storage areas
- welding/hot work area
- indoor vehicle transportation areas
- compressed gas storage areas
- paint spray booths
- areas of student congregation
- student/teacher/administrator conference area
- swimming pool filter area
- athletic fields
- playground areas

OFF-SITE

- major highways (chemical transport)
- airport (flight path)
- railroad
- certain industrial sites (refineries, etc)
- creeks

This list can be used as a guideline to help assist in the development of the building level site of potential emergencies. It may not be all-inclusive.

A. IDENTIFICATION OF SITES OF POTENTIAL EMERGENCIES**LOCATIONS*****OFF-SITE***

BUILDING	SITE	MATERIAL

ON-SITE

BUILDING	SITE	MATERIAL

B

**B. PLANS FOR TAKING THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS IN
RESPONSE TO AN EMERGENCY WHERE APPROPRIATE**

EMERGENCY CLOSINGS

In the event it is necessary to close school for the day due to inclement weather or other emergency reasons, announcement thereof shall be made over local radio and television stations designated by the Board of Education, global emails, calls, and text messaging conducted by district staff.

When school is closed, all related activities, including athletic events and student activities will ordinarily be suspended for that day and evening.

The attendance of personnel shall be governed by their respective contracts.

EARLY DISMISSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

In the event of an imminent emergency that requires specific **EARLY DISMISSAL** procedures, they are as follows:

The EARLY DISMISSAL procedure will be implemented when a situation such as heavy snow warning, etc. is imminent. This would occur at any time of the day after the children are on their way to school, or while school is in session. The district order would be given by the superintendent of the school district.

1. Contact each district's transportation department to provide for go home procedure.
 - a. Teachers and students return to homeroom.
 - b. Attendance of all students should be taken by teachers.
 - c. Names of students not accounted for should be referred to office.
 - d. Teachers and students should remain in place until directions for dismissal are given.
 - e. Good conduct and discipline standards are to be enforced.
 - f. Special considerations should be given to:
 1. Handicapped persons – contact transporting agency
 2. Student drivers dismissed to go home if situation permits
 3. Day care children – notify parents to pick up children
2. Information for reason of early dismissal may be shared with teachers and students as deemed necessary.
3. Information:
 - a. Explanation of situation
 - b. What is being done
 - c. Anticipation of length of time
4. Communication with parents or media as necessary.

EVACUATE/ EVACUATION PROCEDURE

An **Evacuation** should take place if it is determined that it is safer outside the building than inside the building (fire, explosion, hazardous material spill) and staff, students and visitors can safely reach the evacuation location without danger. Included are school policies and procedures for on-site and off-site evacuation including evacuation routes, transportation needs, and sheltering sites.

Objective

- Minimize exposure to hazards within the building

Procedure

Communicate the need to evacuate the building or a specific area of the building to the building staff and other occupants by activating the fire alarm or making an announcement over the intercom, Public Address (P.A.) System, or otherwise. The announcement of an Evacuation shall be:

- **YOUR ATTENTION PLEASE.**
- **WE NEED TO EVACUATE THE BUILDING.**
- **TEACHERS ARE TO TAKE THEIR STUDENTS TO THEIR DESIGNATED ASSEMBLY AREA AND TAKE ATTENDANCE WHEN SAFE TO DO SO.**

- Immediately call 911 to give notice that the school has been evacuated.
- Notify appropriate district staff that an evacuation of the school has occurred.
- Communicate changes in evacuation routes if primary routes are unusable.
- Designate staff with assigned radios and/or cell phones to assist in evacuation procedures.

Evacuation – Building Only

- Follow predetermined evacuation routes to exit the building in a quiet and orderly manner.
- Evacuate Students/Staff with special needs per their individual plans.
- Disabled/wheelchair accessible routes, area of refuge, etc.
- In the event that students find themselves out of the supervision of faculty or staff:
- Students should exit through nearest exit.
- Students should report to nearest assembly area and nearest teacher/staff.
- Do not stop for student or staff belongings.
- Take class roster, phone lists, first-aid kit and other emergency supplies with you.
- Check the bathrooms, hallways and common areas for visitors, staff or students while exiting.
- Go to your designated evacuation assembly area.
- Account for all students. Immediately report any missing or injured students to the School Incident Commander.
- Main office staff: Take visitor log and student sign out sheet to evacuation assembly area.
- If it is announced that the building evacuation will be “**a controlled evacuation**,” wait for further instructions. These instructions may include which exits to use when evacuating, which ones to avoid, and any other pertinent information that may be shared.

SHELTER IN PLACE / SHELTER

A **Shelter In Place** is used when students and staff are required to remain in their current or a designated location. A Shelter In Place code may be called when it is safer **INSIDE** the building than **OUTSIDE** for all students and staff. The intent is to keep students and staff out and away from any affected areas until the situation can be deemed as safe. Depending on the threat or hazard, students and staff may be required to move to a safe room or to a weather shelter. Stay together at all times and listen for updates.

Objectives

- To facilitate emergency responses.
- To establish safe routes and designated areas.
- To locate and contain any device or weather threat.

Procedure

A **Shelter-in-Place** will be announced by intercom, Public Address (P.A.) System, or otherwise with instructions on how to proceed. The announcement of a Shelter In Place shall be:

- **YOUR ATTENTION PLEASE. THERE IS A SITUATION REQUIRING YOU TO SHELTER-IN- PLACE. PLEASE REMAIN IN YOUR CURRENT LOCATION UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.**
- **Provide specific incident instructions as needed.**
- Use clear, concise language to provide direction to the school based on the situation.
- If there is a situation requiring students and staff to move away from windows and doors (such as a weather emergency), they should be instructed to move to the interior of the room or relocate to an interior hallway or room. Students in temporary classrooms or outside of the main building for any reason should be instructed to move into the main school building.
- Students traveling in-between classes or outside of their classroom for other reasons should be instructed to return to their class.
- Students in hallways, bathrooms or other common areas will return to their classroom. If the Shelter In Place is announced between class periods, students will return to their previous class to await instructions. If the route is blocked, students will go to the nearest classroom and advise the teacher that they are unable to get to their class and await instructions.
- All staff members will assist in maintaining order and accounting for students. Remain in your current location until further instructions are given or remaining in place compromises safety.
- Current activities may continue, if appropriate.
- Notify all concerned parties when the Shelter-in-Place is lifted.

HOLD IN PLACE / HOLD

A **HOLD IN PLACE** is used to restrict movement of students and staff within the buildings while dealing with a **SHORT-TERM emergency**. Students and staff are required to remain in their current or a designated location. If there is an internal incident or administrative matter such as students fighting in a hallway, a maintenance issue or medical emergency that requires that student and staff movement be limited, a **HOLD IN PLACE** may be initiated to keep students and staff out of the affected area until the situation can be rectified. Depending on the threat or hazard, students and staff may be required to move to a safe room.

Objectives

- To facilitate emergency responses.
- To establish safe routes and designated areas.
- To locate and contain any device or threat.

Procedure

A **Hold-in-Place** will be announced by intercom, Public Address (P.A.) System, or otherwise with instructions on how to proceed. The announcement of a Shelter In Place shall be:

- **YOUR ATTENTION PLEASE. THERE IS A SITUATION REQUIRING YOU TO HOLD-IN-PLACE. PLEASE REMAIN IN YOUR CURRENT LOCATION UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.**
- **Provide specific incident instructions as needed.**
- Use clear, concise language to provide direction to the school based on the situation.
- If there is a situation requiring students and staff to move away from windows and doors (such as a weather emergency), they should be instructed to move to the interior of the room or relocate to an interior hallway or room. Students in temporary classrooms or outside of the main building for any reason should be instructed to move into the main school building.
- Students in-between classes or outside of their classroom for other reasons should be instructed to return to their class.
- Students in hallways, bathrooms or other common areas will return to their classroom. If the **Hold In Place** is announced between class periods, students will return to their previous class to await instructions. If the route is blocked, students will go to the nearest classroom and advise the teacher that they are unable to get to their class and await instructions.
- All staff members will assist in maintaining order and accounting for students. Remain in your current location until further instructions are given or remaining in place compromises safety.
- Current activities may continue, if appropriate.
- Notify all concerned parties when the **Hold-in-Place** is lifted.

LOCKDOWN PROCEDURE

A **Lockdown** is used to secure school buildings and grounds during incidents that pose an immediate threat of violence in or around the school. The primary objective of a lockdown is to quickly ensure all school staff, students and visitors are secured in rooms away from immediate danger. A Lockdown is the initial physical response to provide a time barrier during an active shooter/intruder event. Lockdown is not a stand-alone defensive strategy. Executing a Lockdown should involve barricading the door, hiding from view, remaining silent and readying a plan of evacuation as a last resort.

Objective

- Minimize risk of injury or death
- Buy time for emergency responders

Procedures

Where possible, a **Lockdown** will be announced by intercom, Public Address (P.A.) System, or otherwise. In events where an immediate threat to life and safety is recognized, ANY faculty or staff shall raise the alarm and initiate a Lockdown. The announcement of a Lockdown must be immediate and deliberate and shall be:

:

➤ **LOCKDOWN! - LOCKDOWN! - LOCKDOWN!**

- **Contact 911**
- Enact procedures to re-direct buses or visitors.
- **IF SAFE**, immediately gather students from hallways and areas near your room into classroom or office. This includes common areas and restrooms immediately adjacent to your classroom.
- Lock your door(s) and have students/staff move to the designated safe area of the room, out of view from the door.
- **Leave lights on and blinds as they are. Do not cover door windows.**
- **REMAIN SILENT** – Noise may attract the attention of the intruder.
- Teachers should position themselves in a location that gives them an advantage to manage their classroom effectively, and take the following action during a lockdown:
 - **Do not** allow anyone to enter or leave your secured area.
 - **Do not** answer or communicate through your door or classroom phone.
 - **Do not** respond to Public Address (P.A.) system or other announcements.
 - **Do not** respond to fire alarm unless actual signs of fire are observed. Doing so could compromise the safety of those already secured.
 - Silence cell phones and limit use to only relay pertinent information to 911, (i.e., description/location of active shooter/victim injuries).
 - Take attendance and include additions and missing students' last known location.
- If an intruder enters the classroom, use WHATEVER means necessary to protect yourself and the students. You must be prepared to fight for your life and use physical force to stop the intruder. Tell students to get out anyway possible – RUN!
- Staff/students participating in any outdoor activity upon the initiation of a lockdown should seek a safe location away from the building. Call 911 and report your situation including location and number of students.

LOCKDOWN WILL ONLY END WHEN YOU ARE PHYSICALLY RELEASED FROM YOUR ROOM OR SECURED AREA BY LAW ENFORCEMENT OR OTHER AUTHORITY.

SECURE LOCKOUT PROCEDURE

A **Secure Lockout** is used to secure school buildings and grounds during incidents that pose an actual or potential threat outside of the school. The primary objective of a lockout is to quickly ensure all school staff, students, and visitors are secured in the school building away from the outside danger. Normal school day activities may continue as normal except for the termination of all outside activities.

Objectives

- To keep any threat of violence or dangerous incident out of the school building.
- To promote minimal disruption to the education process when there is a potential or actual incident outside the school building.

Procedure

A **Secure Lockout** will be announced by intercom, Public Address (P.A.) System, or otherwise.

- **YOUR ATTENTION PLEASE.**
- **THERE IS A SITUATION REQUIRING THE SCHOOL TO PUT A **SECURE LOCKOUT IN PLACE**.**
- **ALL OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES ARE CANCELLED UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.**
- **INDOOR ACTIVITIES MAY CONTINUE AS SCHEDULED.**

- All outdoor activities shall cease and be immediately moved indoors (i.e., gym classes, playground, etc.).
- As soon as all students and staff are in the building all exterior doors shall be closed and locked.
- Building access shall be through a single monitored entrance only.
- Normal activity will continue within the building (unless directed otherwise).
- It is not necessary to turn lights off or to close blinds (unless directed).
- Do not respond to the fire alarm unless actual signs of fire are observed, or an announcement is made.
- Report any suspicious activity observed either indoors or outdoors to the Main Office.
- A **SECURE LOCKOUT** will be lifted when notification is made by administration.

IN THE EVENT THAT EVACUATION IS NECESSARY, THE FOLLOWING SITES WILL BE USED:

OFF-CAMPUS

EVACUATING SITE	# STUDENTS/STAFF	RECEIVING SITE	# THAT CAN BE SHELTERED

ON-CAMPUS

EVACUATING SITE	RECEIVING SITE

FACILITIES AGREEMENTS

STATEMENT

West Seneca Central School District has adopted agreements with state, county, and other agencies as appropriate for the use of school district building facilities and vehicles during a period of natural or man-made disaster, Facility Agreements with local public and private agencies for use of their facilities on a short term basis to house staff and students have been arranged.

Arrangements for school building facilities to be used as disaster shelters are coordinated through the Greater Buffalo Chapter, American Red Cross, Department of Emergency Services. These shelter agreements authorize their use of the building facilities for any natural or man-made disaster. The use of the building facilities is not restricted to only school district staff and students, but for any group as the need and location arises.

Notification of facility use will be made by:

1. School requesting the Red Cross to provide sheltering facilities as dictated by the emergency.
2. Local, county or state agency requested the Red Cross to provide sheltering facilities as dictated by the emergency.

The Red Cross will staff the shelter and will supply materials and food as needed. If school district supplies are drawn upon during the time of the disaster, or if the building becomes damaged as a result of use or misuse, then the Red Cross will reimburse the school district.

West Seneca Central School District**AGREEMENT**

As a response to a natural or man-made disaster,

Facility Name

Hereby agrees that its facilities located at:

may be used as a temporary shelter of students attending one or more schools belonging to the **West Seneca Central School District**.

In consideration for the granting of such permission, the **West Seneca Central School District** agrees that the following conditions shall prevail:

- a. Notification will be given prior to student arrival.
- b. Students will be supervised by district personnel.
- c. Transportation will be notified to pick up students as soon as possible at your location.

Signature

Date

Title

C

**QUALIFIED SCHOOL MEDICAL PERSONNEL ARE
AVAILABLE IN EACH BUILDING**

COMMUNICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Within Buildings

1. Use of the public address system by an administrator or his/her delegate to provide information and/or direction to staff and students.
2. If unable to use electricity or public address system failure:
 - a. If there is NO time problem, an administrator or designee may walk through the building and inform faculty, staff and students of information and directions.
 - b. Use of a personnel delegate to communicate messages from chief administrator in charge to each floor and wing of the building. There should be as few persons as possible responsible to carry messages by word-of-mouth, as the more people used, the greater the chance of students and staff receiving misinformation.
 - c. The use of strategically located portable 2-way radios/cellular phones may be used throughout the building to help speed communications and relay information using fewer persons.
 - d. Communications may be made easier if students were collected in a centralized location (auditorium, gymnasium, etc.) rather than individual classrooms.

NOTE: In case of electrical system failure, public telephones may still be operational.

Between Buildings

1. Public Telephone – use a designated extension or private line may be kept clear for emergency information between building administrators or their delegates.
2. Portable 2-way radios may be used for communication if buildings are within range of each other. Cellular phones are another option.
3. Better 2-way radio communication may be made by use of a school bus or other school district vehicle operating on the same frequency.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. Each school should have at least two dependable portable radios/cellular phones which have a battery back-up system with extra batteries that may be used in an emergency.
2. Each school should have at least one dependable scanner which can be programmed to emergency information frequencies (weather, police, fire). This scanner should have a battery back-up system with extra batteries.
3. Each school district should have access to a minimum of two (2) cellular phones.

COMMUNICATION SPECIFICS

BUILDING: _____

MAIN SWITCHBOARD

If yes:

1) Is it functional to all rooms? Yes _____ No _____

2) Comments

P.A. SYSTEM

If yes:

1) Is it functional to all rooms? Yes _____ No _____

2) Is it functional outside? Yes _____ No _____

TELEPHONE SYSTEM

If yes:

1) Number of Lines: _____ Yes _____ No _____

2) Published Non-Published Yes _____ No _____

3) Does each classroom have a telephone: Yes _____ No _____

4) Each classroom telephone can be used to make the following calls:
Yes _____ No _____

Internal _____ Outside _____ N/A _____

5) Are telephones operational in the event of a loss of electrical power?
Yes _____ No _____

6) If no, list which telephones ARE operational:

CELLULAR PHONES

- 1) How many district owned cellular phones are available in this building? _____
- 2) List the individuals in possession of these phones with numbers:

TWO-WAY RADIOS

- 1) Are two-way radios available in this building?
Yes _____ No _____
- 2) If yes, how many? _____
Location(s):

- 3) Who are the individuals trained to use them?

BULL HORNS

- 1) How many are available in this building? _____
- 2) Where are they located?

MESSENGER SYSTEM

- 1) In the event of loss of power and time is not essential, is there a messenger system in place to communicate with all occupants? Yes _____ No _____
- 2) If yes, list responsibilities

COMPUTERS

- 1) Does each classroom have a desktop or laptop to receive email? Yes _____ No _____
- 2) Can email be sent to all district staff at one time? Yes _____ No _____

PAGERS

- 1) Are pagers available? Yes _____ No _____
- 2) How many? _____
- 3) List the individuals in possession of pagers and numbers:
- | <u>Individual</u> | <u>Pager #</u> |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
- 4) Are they digital only? Yes _____ No _____
- 5) Can they receive a message? Yes _____ No _____

PUPIL TRANSPORTATION

Transportation is provided by the West Seneca Central School District.

Jennifer Jones, Transportation Supervisor
716-677-3825

Buses

D

D. CHAIN OF COMMAND

School Incident Command System

To provide for effective direction, control and coordination of an incident, the School ERP will be activated through the implementation of the Incident Command System (ICS).

Staff are assigned to serve within the ICS structure based on their expertise, training and the needs of the incident. Roles should be pre-assigned based on training and qualifications. The School ICS is organized as follows:



Staff assigned to the District Incident Command and Operations Team and their duties are identified in Section 2403 of this Manual.

VARIATIONS OF EMERGENCIES AND CHAIN OF COMMAND

There are three variations of emergencies which may present themselves to a school district:

1. Emergency situation within the school district is managed by the Superintendent, unless authority is shifted to the District Emergency Coordinator.

In this situation, the Superintendent or Emergency Coordinator is in control, and makes their own decisions to remediate the situation.

2. Emergency incident within the school district which requires the assistance of an outside agency.

When the Fire Department is called by the school district, then the fire chief or ranking officer is in charge. The school district planning committee should then act as a resource and coordinating agency within the school district.

When a law enforcement agency is called by the school district, the building administrator remains in charge. However, the law enforcement agency's recommendations should be fully complied with.

3. Emergency incident at local, county, state or national level where notification of the school district of the emergency is done from outside sources.

In the event of a large-scale emergency, the outside coordinating agency (most likely the county) will be in charge and again the school district emergency coordinator and planning committee will act as a resource and coordinating agency within the school district.

SCHOOL DISTRICT EMERGENCY COMMAND/RESOURCE CENTER

Primary Location: District Administration Building
1397 Orchard Park Road
West Seneca, NY 14224

Alternate Location: Ebenezer Maintenance Center
900 Mill Road
West Seneca, NY 14224

Alternate Location: Bus Garage
3300 Seneca Street
West Seneca, NY 14224

Alternate Location: BNCC
425 Meyer Rd,
West Seneca, NY 14224

DUTIES OF DISTRICT-WIDE INCIDENT COMMAND AND OPERATIONS STAFF

Incident Commander (IC) <i>Emergency Response Officer (Police/Fire Chief)</i>	Develop Incident Action Plan (IAP). Has overall responsibility at the incident or event. Sets objectives and priorities based on agency direction.
Deputy Incident Commander <i>IC Designee</i>	Supports the Incident Commander in any capacity needed. For long term or large scale incidents, may act as Incident Commander during break periods/ rest periods.
Public Information Officer (PIO) <i>Superintendent</i>	Is the primary point of contact during an incident. Will work in conjunction with law enforcement and emergency services and public information officer at press briefings. <u>ALL</u> media contact will be through this individual.
Liaison Officer <i>Building Principal</i>	Will be the agency representative with outside agencies responding to the emergency event. Keeps Incident Commander informed of situation status.
Operations Officer <i>Supt. of Buildings & Grounds</i>	Develops tactical organization and directs all resources to carry out the Incident Action Plan (IAP).
Logistics Officer <i>Supt. of Buildings & Grounds / Building Principal</i>	Provides resources and all other services needed to support the incident.
Planning Officer <i>IC Designee</i>	Develops the Incident Action Plan to accomplish the objectives. Collects and evaluates information, maintains status of assigned resources.
Finance/Administration <i>Business Official</i>	Monitors costs related to the incident/event. Provides accounting, procurement, time recording, cost analysis and overall fiscal guidance for the incident/event.

BUILDING LEVEL RESPONSE TEAM ROLES DEFINED

Primary Operations Administrator	Building Principal/Designee
Communications Liaison	Send and receive messages to and from outside personnel as needed by principal and other listed coordinators.
Emergency Services Liaison	Meet and coordinate first aid and other medical services.
Evacuation Site Coordinator	Sending site coordinator who will prepare to release the students to the new location and oversee the operations on this site until the main site is closed down and the Primary Operations Administrator arrives at the alternate site location.
Parent/Guardian Liaison	Handles all communications with parents and oversee the release of students after all attendance procedures are completed at the alternate site.
Site Management Attendance Coordinator	Assists in the attendance accounting for all students and adults at the alternate site before the release of any students. He/she will be assisted by the attendance personnel when they arrive from the primary site.
Transportation Coordinator(s)	Will receive and direct the buses when they enter the primary site to remove the students to the alternate site. The bus numbers and designations will be communicated to the primary site office or its alternate location for announcement to the teachers for dismissal and loading.
Mechanical Services Liaison	Assists the emergency services personnel locate key information and gain access to all parts of the primary site. He/she will secure the site after all intended personnel are relocated off the primary site.
Off-Site Emergency Coordinator(s)	Arrive at the alternate site before the arrival of the students and prepare the site for their arrival. Identify key areas which need to be opened and made ready. Make provisions for the other key personnel who will assist in the accounting and communication duties required to care for and later release the students to their parents. They will remain in charge of the alternate site until the arrival of the Primary Operations Administrator or the Evacuation Site Coordinator at which time they will support these personnel in their duties.
Other Personnel	Will assist in the accounting process and maintenance of order.

PUBLIC INFORMATION/ MEDIA NOTIFICATION PLAN

As media personnel arrive to cover a story, they should be directed to a media staging/reception area and should not be allowed to interview students without expressed permission.

Media Site Selection

Several factors should be considered when selecting a site to which the media can go and from which information will be dispensed:

Physical Space:	Select a room or area that will accommodate a media conference attended by several news agencies and school support staff.
Containment:	Ensure the site does not permit access by the media to the Command Post or student population.
Necessary Accommodations:	Choose a location that permits direct access to rest rooms and telephones and has sufficient electrical outlets and space for equipment.

Dissemination of Information

The Superintendent of Schools, or designee, will act as the Public Information Officer (P.I.O.) or Media Coordinator to work with the media during a crisis. The individual assigned this duty assumes responsibility for organizing the details.

During the crisis the Public Information Officer, P.I.O/Media Coordinator should greet reporters, direct them to the media staging area where they will be provided a news conference or press release.

Recommended Policy

The School District Superintendent will assign the P.I.O. or Media Coordinator for the district.

If there is a police or emergency service presence, release of information will be coordinated with the information officers from those agencies.

The P.I.O. for police, emergency services, and the school district will act as liaison to the media and coordinate press conferences and media deadlines.

Confidentiality and privacy issues regarding the identity of juveniles, staff members, and their involvement in a particular situation must be monitored very closely to prevent unauthorized disclosure of information.

The school district, police, and emergency services have an obligation to keep the media aware of significant developments as long as the investigation, actions, and/or locations are not compromised or parents/spouses are not unnecessarily alarmed.

Announcing to the media that only one person will be releasing information usually will prevent attempts to obtain information by circumventing the authorized channels.

If an arrest results from the situation, the police agency should coordinate this announcement through the school district spokesman and school superintendent so necessary steps can be taken by the school to prepare the faculty, students, and parents.

Tips for the P.I.O.

Ensure all media inquiries are routed to one person or office.

Prepare an official statement about the crisis and action being taken. Include information to answer the basic who, what, when, where, why, and how questions.

Do not reveal names of students or employees involved in the incident, without prior approval from the responding police, emergency services, and the school's legal department.

When responding to the media, use the prepared official statement as your guide.

Distribute the prepared statements to teachers, staff, and students, and ensure that they are given accurate and consistent information.

P.I.O. Guidelines

Be brief.

Avoid providing superfluous information or using professional jargon.

Do not appear to be concerned mainly about the schools reputation.

Anticipate questions, especially on potentially controversial issues.

Keep calm. Show sensitivity to the seriousness of the matter, but do not overreact.

Answer one question at a time and answer only the question that is asked.

Do not treat anything as “off the record.”

As official spokesperson, do not hesitate to say, “I don’t know” or “I will have to get back to you.”

Do not reply “no comment.” This infers that information is being withheld.

Ignore abrasive comments made by reporters and maintain a professional attitude.

Provide updates to the media as events unfold, even after the initial crisis is handled.

Remember to follow up when information is available; bear in mind that the public has a right to know and understand what has happened.

E

E. PROCEDURES FOR ANNUAL MULTI-HAZARD SCHOOL TRAINING FOR STAFF AND STUDENTS

The West Seneca Central School District will ensure that Annual Multi-Hazard Training is made available to staff and students. The annual submission to NYSED of the school district's PDP (Professional Development Plan) will include allocated training blocks for violence prevention, emergency response, mental health and multi-hazard training. Students and staff members will receive written information at the beginning of the regular school year summarizing the schools basic hazard plans and the availability of additional information and participation for those who desire. The West Seneca Central School District will work cooperatively with emergency management and law enforcement officials to ensure training is effective and appropriate, as well as consistent with local municipal disaster plans.

F

F. PROCEDURES FOR THE REVIEW AND CONDUCT OF DRILLS AND OTHER EXERCISES TO TEST THE COMPONENTS OF THE PLAN.

The West Seneca Central School District, in coordination with local and county emergency responders, will conduct and review drills, such as tabletops, that are components of the Comprehensive District Wide Multi-Hazard Plan. The West Seneca Central School District will annually prioritize and schedule drills in conjunction with local and county officials.

- Drills will be conducted in a trauma-informed, developmentally and age-appropriate manner; not include props, actors, simulations, or other tactics intended to mimic a school shooting, incident of violence, or other emergency; and that students and staff be informed when a school is conducting a drill;
- Drills will occur after annual training in emergency procedures has been provided to students and staff; and
- Drills will be completed on different days of the week and during different times of the school day.
- Notice to parents and those in parental relations, regarding drills, must be made within one week before each drill.
-

At the completion of any scheduled drill, the West Seneca Central School District and local and county emergency responders will conduct an after-action review of the sequence of events, and will update the Multi-Hazard Plan to reflect lessons learned.

TABLETOP EXERCISES

What are they?

An activity in which key staff are presented with simulated emergency situations without time constraints. Key staff should include school personnel, local and county emergency officials.

The exercise should be:

1. informal
2. carried out in a conference room environment
3. designed to elicit constructive discussion by participants as they attempt to examine and then resolve problems based on existing plans
4. beneficial for participants to evaluate plans and procedures and to resolve questions of coordination and assignment of responsibilities in a non-threatening format with minimum stress.

The Process

The tabletop, in its simplest form, begins with a simulated event that is usually described in a narrative.

The Purpose

To create for the players an “emergency” scene to which they will respond. Response is made to a set of problems related to the emergency scene.

Discussion

Takes place among the participants to solve the problems presented using the resources available to them.

Deliberate Attempt

To examine basic emergency planning and resource allocation problems without concerns for:

1. time pressures
2. stress
3. actual simulation of specific events
4. the ability to discuss decisions in depth with an emphasis on slow-paced problem solving rather than rapid, spontaneous decision making.

SECTION 3000: RESPONDING TO THREATS AND ACTS OF VIOLENCE

A. Policies and procedures for responding to implied or direct threats of violence by students, teachers, other school personnel and visitors to the school

Policy Numbers:

• Code of Conduct	7000
• Maintenance of Public Order	3410
• Threats of Violence	8214
• School Conduct	7310
• Student Suspension	7313
• Weapons in Schools	7350
• Gun Free Schools	
• Alcohol, Drugs and Other Substances (Students)	7360
• Alcohol, Drugs and Other Substances (Personnel)	6151
• Corporal Punishment/Physical Restraint	7340
• Searches by School Personnel	7320
• Sexual Harassment	6121 & 7531
• Power to Suspend: Alternative Education Programs	7313
• District Code of Conduct	

B. Identification of appropriate responses to emergencies, including protocols for responding to:

Policy Numbers:

Building Related

• Emergency Utility Shut-Offs	3101
• Loss of Power	3102
• Natural Gas Leak	3103
• Heating System Failure	3104
• Loss of Building	3105
• Sewage System Failure	3106
• Water System Failure	3107

Natural Disasters

• Storm-Snow/Ice	3120
• Storm-Thunder/Lightning	3121
• Tornado	3122
• Take Cover Plan	3122
• Earthquake	3123
• Flood	3124

SECTION 3000: RESPONDING TO THREATS AND ACTS OF VIOLENCE - Continued

Environmental

- Airborne Gases.....3130
- Asbestos Fiber Release Episode3131
- Asbestos Response Team.....3131
- Explosion3132
- Oil/Gasoline/Hazardous Material3133
- Fire3134

Civil Disturbances

- Bomb Threat3140
- Biological Release Threat (Telephone)3141
- Telephone Threat Form.....3142
- Biological Release Threat (Letter/Package)3143
- Hostage/Kidnapping3144
- Intruder.....3146
- Threats of Violence.....3147
- Acts of Violence3148

Medical Emergencies

- General Guidelines for Medical Emergencies3150
- School Bus Accident and/or Fire3151

C. Policies and procedures to contact parents, guardians or persons in parental relation to the students in the event of a violent incident or an early dismissal

- Parent(s)/Spouse(s) Notification and3200
Reception Center Plan
- Threats of Violence: Notification Memo3205
To Parent(s)/Guardian(s)
- Emergency Closing.....3210
- Delayed Plan3210
- Early Dismissal Plan3210

A

B

B. BUILDING RELATED

EMERGENCY UTILITY SHUT-OFFS

In the event of certain emergencies, there may be reason to shut off all or selected utilities. Administrators and certain other staff members should be familiar with locations and the manner of how to shut each utility off.

BUILDING NAME	
	<u>LOCATION OF SHUT OFF</u>
NATURAL GAS:	
ELECTRIC:	
WATER:	
AIR HANDLING UNIT:	
NOTE:	

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Upon discovery or detection of an electrical system failure:
a. Sound fire alarm if there is any question as to the safety of the building occupants
b. Notify head of Building Maintenance
c. Notify Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities | 1. First person on the scene. |
| 2. Notify Building Administrator | 2. Head of Building Maintenance |
| 3. Evaluate problem insofar as possible | 3. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds, or Director of Facilities |
| 4. Notify Superintendent | 4. Building Administrator |
| 5. Curtail or cease building operations, as appropriate:
a. Hold at School
b. Early Dismissal
c. Evacuate
d. Resume Normal Activity
e. Make proper notifications | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Evaluate problem and commence appropriate <u>remedial</u> action | 6. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 7. Termination of Contingency:
Notify staff, parents and students | 7. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Upon discovery or detection of a gas leak notify Head of Building Maintenance | 1. First person on the scene |
| 2. Evaluate the problem insofar as possible shut off gas supply if prudent and wise | 2. Head of Building Maintenance |
| 3. Notify Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds or Director of Facilities | 3. Head of Building Maintenance |
| 4. Notify Building Administrator | 4. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 5. Notify Superintendent | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Curtail or cease building operations as appropriate:
a. Hold at School
b. Early Dismissal
c. Evacuate
d. Resume Normal Activity
e. Make proper notifications | 6. Building Administrator |
| 7. Evaluate problem and commence appropriate <u>remedial</u> action | 7. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 8. Termination of Contingency:
Notify staff, parents and students | 8. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response ActionPerson(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Upon discovery or detection of heating system failure notify Head of Building Maintenance | 1. First on scene |
| 2. Notify Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities | 2. Head of Building Maintenance |
| 3. Notify Building Administrator | 3. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 4. Evaluate problem insofar as possible | 4. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Building Administrator |
| 5. Notify Superintendent | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Curtail or cease building operations as appropriate:
a. Hold at School
b. Early Dismissal
c. Evacuate
d. Resume Normal Activity
e. Make proper notifications | 6. Building Administrator |
| 7. Evaluate problem and commence appropriate <u>remedial</u> action | 7. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 8. Termination of Contingency: Notify staff, parents and students | 8. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response Action:

1. Relocate Education Program(s) displaced by an emergency which renders all or parts of a building unusable for school
2. Establish remedial response, as appropriate for the day incident occurred
 - a. Hold at School
 - b. Early Dismissal
 - c. Evacuate
 - d. Resume normal activity
3. Revise pupil transportation system as necessary
4. Notify school districts of any changes
5. Notify staff, parents, and students
6. Recovery
 - a. Assess damage, cause, effect, remediation
 - b. Cleanup; following insurance company concurrence
 - c. Ascertain insurance settlement, if any
 - d. Develop architectural/engineering solutions as needed
 - e. Develop instructions to contractors - plans and specifications; bid procedures; if not a formally declared emergency
 - f. Progress with work in accordance with procedures for any public capital project.

Person(s) Responsible:

1. Building Administrator, Superintendent
2. Building Administrator Superintendent
3. Superintendent, Building Administrator, Transportation Supervisor
4. Superintendent
5. Superintendent
6. Board of Education Superintendent; Director of Facilities or Supt. of Buildings & Grounds; Business Official

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Upon discovery or detection of a sewer system failure, notify the Head of Building Maintenance | 1. First at scene |
| 2. Notify Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities | 2. Head of Building Maintenance |
| 3. Evaluate problem insofar as possible | 3. Head of Building Maintenance, Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 4. Notify Building Administrator | 4. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 5. Notify Superintendent | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Curtail or cease building operations, as appropriate:
a. Hold at School
b. Early Dismissal
c. Evacuate
d. Resume normal activity
e. Make proper notifications | 6. Building Administrator |
| 7. Evaluate problem and commence appropriate <u>remedial</u> action | 7. Director of Facilities, Supt. of Buildings & Grounds, Superintendent, Board of Education, Business Official |
| 8. Termination of Emergency
a. Notify staff, parents and students
b. Resume building operation | 8. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Upon discovery or detection of water failure notify Head of Building Maintenance | 1. First on scene |
| 2. Notify Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities | 2. Head of Building Maintenance |
| 3. Evaluate problem insofar as possible. Commence established remedial response | 3. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds, or Director of Facilities; Head of Building Maintenance |
| 4. Notify Building Administrator | 4. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds or Director of Facilities |
| 5. Notify Superintendent | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Curtail or cease building operations, as appropriate:
a. Hold at School
b. Early Dismissal
c. Evacuate
d. Resume normal activity | 6. Superintendent |
| 7. Termination of Contingency
a. Notify staff, parents and students
b. Resume building operation | 7. Superintendent |

Comments:

B. NATURAL DISASTERS

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

1. Monitor weather and road conditions
2. Close schools if conditions deteriorate.
3. Institute Go-Home-Plan
4. Notify parents via radio & television

1. Superintendent
2. Superintendent
3. Superintendent
4. Superintendent

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Monitor the closeness and intensity of the storm | 1. Building Administrator |
| 2. Curtail all outdoor activities if conditions warrant | 2. Building Administrator |
| 3. Summon all persons into building(s) | 3. Building Administrator; teachers |
| 4. Termination of contingency | 4. Building Administrator |

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Monitor any weather bureau tornado watch/warning | 1. Building Administrator, Superintendent |
| 2. If tornado is imminent, curtail all outdoor activities; summon all persons into building(s) | 2. Building Administrators |
| 3. Initiate SHELTER IN PLACE | 3. Building Administrators |
| 4. If tornado is sighted in vicinity of school, Initiate TAKE COVER PLAN | 4. Building Administrators: Teachers |
| 5. Termination of contingency | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Recovery: if building is damaged, refer to contingency plans for System Failures | 6. Superintendent |
| 7. Curtail or cease building operations as appropriate: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Hold at Schoolb. Early Dismissalc. Evacuated. Resume normal activity | 7. Superintendent |

Comments:

1. In the event of imminent danger due to a natural or man made disaster, the facility will be notified by phone or intercom. Staff and students will be notified to take cover.
2. Staff and students should be directed to the designated shelter areas. These could include: basements and hallways on the ground floor that are not parallel to the tornado's path, which is usually from the southwest.
3. **Never** use gymnasium, auditorium, or other rooms with wide, free-span roofs.
4. Teachers and students **should know** their designated shelter areas.
5. Children in school rooms of weak construction, such as portable or temporary classrooms, should be escorted to sturdier buildings or to predetermined ditches, culverts, or ravines.
6. When staff and students are assembled in school basements, interior hallways or ditches, culverts or ravines they should assume the proper position. This position is everybody down; crouch on elbows and knees; and hands over back of head.
7. School Bus Drivers should be instructed to use the procedures stated in #5 and #6. If their bus is caught in the open and a tornado is approaching. They should be far enough away so the bus does not topple on them.

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Follow directions of county emergency announcements made on local radio. | 1. Superintendent |
| 2. Provide for the safety of staff and students. Activate shelter plan and recommendations for earthquake. | 2. Superintendent; Building Administrator |
| 3. Notify other school districts of pending problems and actions to be taken | 3. Supt. of Buildings & Grounds, or Director of Facilities |
| 4. Notify parents via radio & television | 4. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

1. Monitor weather and road conditions,
contact local disaster coordinator

1. Superintendent

2. Curtail or cease building operations,
as appropriate:
a. Early Dismissal
b. Hold at School
c. Evacuate
d. Resume normal activity

2. Superintendent

3. Notify parents via radio & television

3. Superintendent

Comments:

B. ENVIRONMENTAL

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Notify Building Administrator | 1. First person on the scene |
| 2. Notify 911 (Local Fire Department) | 2. Building Administrator |
| 3. Implement Evacuation Plan.
Direction of evacuation depending
on wind direction. | 3. Building Administrator, Fire
Department |
| 4. Notify Superintendent | 4. Building Administrator |

Comments:

ASBESTOS FIBER RELEASE EPISODE

Response Action:

Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| 1. Remove occupants from room, area, wing immediately. Isolate the area as soon as possible. | 1. First person on scene |
| 2. Notify Building Administrator
Notify Head of Building Maintenance and Supt. of Buildings & Grounds | 2. First person on scene |
| 3. Notify school district AHERA designee | 3. Building Administrator |
| 4. Shut down or modify air handling unit to restrict air movement. | 4. Building Maintenance |
| 5. Contact Asbestos Response Team
(see next page) | 5. AHERA Designee |
| 6. Lock and secure room in closed condition. | 6. AHERA Designee |
| 7. If possible, duct tape perimeter of door | 7. AHERA Designee |
| 8. Post signs to prevent entry by unauthorized persons, if needed | 8. AHERA Designee |
| 9. Curtail or cease building operations, as appropriate
a. Evacuate
b. Early Dismissal | 9. Building Administrator |
| 10. Contact Erie 1 BOCES Safety Risk Management for assistance in coordinating air sampling (TEM) | 10. AHERA Designee |
| 11. After receiving sampling results, determine if there was a fiber migration throughout the building. If air sampling shows a migration, plan strategy. If no fiber migration took place, resume normal activity for next day.
Maintain security of the release area. | 11. Superintendent |
| 12. Make proper notifications. | 12. Superintendent |

Comments:

AHERA Designee (LEA)

Name: Joseph Farr

Phone Number - Work: 716-677-3681

NYS Certified Employees

Joseph Farr

Supervisor

Equipment Location

Ebenezer Building Maintenance Shop

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1. Upon occurrence of an explosion in a building:
a. Activate fire alarm
b. If fire alarm is inoperative notify Building Administrator by runner | 1. First person on scene |
| 2. Curtail or cease building operations:
a. Evacuate
b. Sheltering | 2. Building Administrator |
| 3. Summon fire department | 3. Building Administrator |
| 4. Notify Superintendent | 4. Building Administrator |
| 5. Upon their arrival, advise fire department of the situation and follow their instructions | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Termination of Emergency | 6. Fire department |
| 7. Resume, curtail or cease building operation, as appropriate | 7. Superintendent |
| 8. Make proper notifications | 8. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Upon the discovery or detection of an oil/gasoline spill on school property:
a. Notify Director of Facilities or Superintendent of Buildings & Grounds
b. Notify Building Administrator | 1. First person on scene |
| 2. Evaluate the problem insofar as possible
a. Stop source of spill if possible
b. Commence established remedial response | 2. Director of Facilities or Supt. of Buildings & Grounds |
| 3. Notify the local fire department and follow their instructions | 3. Director of Facilities or Supt. Of Buildings & Grounds |
| 4. Within 2 hours of discovery of leak or spill the DEC <u>must</u> be contacted
DEC Hotline: 1-800-457-7362 | 4. Director of Facilities or Supt. of Buildings & Grounds |
| 5. Notify Superintendent | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Contact Erie 1 BOCES, Safety Risk, if necessary | 6. Superintendent |
| 7. Curtail or cease building operation, as appropriate:
a. Early Dismissal
b. Evacuate
c. Resume normal activity | 7. Superintendent |
| 8. Make proper notifications | 8. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Upon discovery or detection of smoke or fire or evidence thereof sound fire alarm immediately | 1. First person(s) on scene |
| 2. Evacuate the building | 2. Building Administrator |
| 3. Summon Fire Department | 3. Building Administrator/
Designee |
| 4. Upon arrival, advise Fire Department of the situation and follow their instructions | 4. Building Administrator |
| 5. Notify Superintendent | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Termination of emergency | 6. Fire Department |
| 7. Resume, curtail or cease building operation, as appropriate | 7. Superintendent |
| a. Evacuate | |
| b. Early Dismissal | |
| c. Resume normal activity | |
| 8. Make proper notifications | 8. Superintendent,
Building Administrator |

Comments:

B. CIVIL DISTURBANCES

BOMB THREAT GUIDELINES

General

- A bomb threat, even if later determined to be a hoax, is a criminal action. No bomb threat should be treated as a hoax when it is first received.
- The decision whether or not to evacuate is dependent upon information received in the threat, and how credible that information is.
- Two alternatives to evacuation are *compartmentalization* and *pre-clearance*.
- Compartmentalization relies on students remaining in their present locations while school administration and authorities assess and investigate the threat. Variations of compartmentalization – such as moving certain segments of the school population based upon new or developing information – can also be utilized in an effective response.
- Pre-clearance relies on anticipating a threat, and conducting pre-clearance and security screening. (see page 3).

Receiving Bomb Threats

Written Threats

- Anyone receiving a written bomb threat must immediately notify the school building administrator.
- Contact Police (911)
- Handling of written bomb threat should be kept to an absolute minimum, since it may be used as evidence in a criminal investigation.
- Fingerprints may be taken from the note to help determine its source.
- A threat written on a bathroom wall, mirror, or stall should not be removed until it is viewed or documented (photographed) by law enforcement.

Telephone or Other Verbal Threats

- Anyone receiving a verbal bomb threat must immediately notify the school building administrator.
- Contact Police (911)
- The **NYSP Bomb Threat Instruction Card** should be placed next to telephones that are most likely to receive such calls.
- The bomb threat caller is the best source of information about a possible bomb.
- It is desirable that more than one person listens in on the call.
- Persons likely to receive a threatening call (switchboard) should receive special training and have a list of emergency agency telephone numbers available, as well as the telephone numbers of school officials to be immediately contacted.

BOMB THREAT GUIDELINES (Con't.)

- If possible, the telephone threat should be taped.
- Caller identification or other types of tracing devices should be considered.

Information to be asked of the caller includes:

- Where is the bomb located?
 - When will the bomb go off?
 - What does the bomb look like?
 - What kind of explosive is involved?
 - Why was the bomb placed?
 - What is your name? (The caller may be caught off guard and give you his or her name).
- Also note: time of call; language used by caller; gender; approximate age; speech characteristic (slow, fast, soft, disguised, intoxicated); noticeable background noise (music, motors running, street traffic).

Suspicious Packages

- Anyone receiving or locating a suspicious package must immediately notify the school building administrator
- Contact Police (911).
- Mail bombs can be contained in letters, books, and parcels of varying sizes, shapes, and colors.
- Letter bombs may feel rigid, appear uneven or lopsided, or are bulkier than normal.
- The container is irregularly shaped, asymmetrical, and has soft spots and bulges.
- There may be oil stains on the wrapper. The wrapper may emit a peculiar odor.
- The package may be unprofessionally wrapped and be endorsed with phrases such as “Fragile – Handle with Care,” “Rush – Do Not Delay,” “To Be Opened in the Privacy of ___,” “Prize Enclosed,” or “Your Lucky Day is Here.”
- There may be cut and paste lettering on the address label.
- The package may have not postage or non-cancelled postage.
- The package may exhibit protruding wires, foil, string, or tape.
- The package may emit a buzzing or ticking noise.
- A suspect letter or package may arrive immediately before or after a telephone call from an unknown person asking if the item was received.

BOMB THREAT GUIDELINES (Con't.)

- **Do not open** or squeeze the envelope or package.
- **Do not pull** or release any wire, string, or hook.
- **Do not** turn or shake the letter or package.
- **Do not** put the letter or package in water or near heat.
- **Do not** touch the letter or package, thereby compromising fingerprint evidence.
- **Do** move people away from the suspected envelope or package.
- **Do** notify the state and/or local police (911).
- **Do activate your emergency plan for dealing with bombs.**

Investigating Bomb Threats

- Appropriate law enforcement agencies must be notified.
- Be aware of availability and limitations of specialized emergency services-including bomb squads, hazardous materials management, county, and state emergency management agencies.
 - Be aware that law enforcement agencies generally do not initially send out bomb sniffing dogs.
 - Bomb sniffing dogs have a limited time of efficiency so that their use is carefully considered.
- The school district administrator makes the decision regarding evacuation, continuation, or dismissal of school – first responders can assist and consult with them to make their decision (joint decision making – unified command).
- Police may enlist the assistance of the school faculty/staff who are familiar with the building and can recognize objects that do not belong or are out of place.
- Scanning does not involve touching or handling a suspect object.
- Once the incident has been resolved and no longer poses a danger, a full threat assessment inquiry should be conducted on the person making the threat if one is identified.

PRE-CLEARANCE AND SECURITY SCREENING IN LIEU OF EVACUATION (DURING TESTING)

- It is strongly recommended that school officials carefully coordinate this option in cooperation with local law enforcement officials.
- This option may only be implemented prior to the receipt of an actual bomb threat,

And

- Only after building and grounds have been “cleared” at the start of the day and continually monitored throughout the day.

BOMB THREAT GUIDELINES (Con't.)

- This option may be appropriate when a school reasonably anticipates the receipt of a bomb threat or if there is a particular concern over the possibility of a bomb threat. (During the administration of Regents examinations or during other school-wide events).

School Employee Involvement

- Schools may form teams of volunteers from administration, faculty, and staff to assist in sweeping a building or grounds for anything that looks out of place.
- Prior to an incident, school officials should make certain that people who volunteer in the school building, such as parents or other community members, are trained and aware of their responsibilities.
- School employees who volunteer or by job duty are assigned to assist, should have access to building keys, floor plans, and information about shut-off valves for heat, electricity, water, and ventilation (HVAC).

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Identify hostage situation | 1. First person on scene |
| 2. Notify Building Administrator | 2. First person on scene |
| 3. Activate Hold in Place and Secure/Lockdown Plan | 3. Principal |
| 4. Notify the local police and follow their instructions. | 4. Building Administrator |
| 5. Notify Superintendent | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. Notify parents or spouse of hostage(s) | 6. Superintendent |
| 7. Termination of emergency | 7. Police, Building Administrator |
| 8. Make proper notifications | 8. Superintendent |

Comments:

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. Identify intruder | 1. First person on scene |
| 2. Notify Building Administrator | 2. First person on scene |
| 3. Activate the Hold in Place and Secure/
Lockdown Plan | 3. Principal |
| 4. Confront intruder, if prudent and wise | 4. Building Administrator |
| 5. Escort intruder out of the building. Record
make, color and license plate number of vehicle | 5. Building Administrator |
| 6. If intruder refuses to leave, maintain surveillance.
If the intruder does leave but circumstances
lead you to expect trouble, summon the local
police. | 6. Building Administrator |
| 7. Advise police of situation and follow their
instructions | 7. Building Administrator |
| 8. Notify Superintendent | 8. Building Administrator |
| 9. Notify staff and students of incident | 9. Building Administrator |
| 10. Termination of Contingency | 10. Police, Building Administrator |

Comments:

2011

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1. Use of staff trained in de-escalation or other strategies to diffuse the situation. | 1. Principal |
| 2. Inform building principal of implied threat or direct threat. | 2. First person on scene |
| 3. Determine level of threat with Superintendent/ Designee | 3. Principal/Designee |
| 4. Contact appropriate law enforcement agency, if necessary. | 4. Building Administrator |
| 5. Monitor situation, adjust response as appropriate, include the possible use of Emergency Response Team. | 5. Building Administrator |

NOTE: ***Refer to NYS Police Threat Assessment Model (2007)**

Comments:

Response Action:

Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1. Determine level of threat with Superintendent/Designee | 1. Principal |
| 2. If warranted, isolate the immediate area and evacuate if appropriate. | 2. First person on scene |
| 3. Inform Superintendent | 3. Principal/Designee |
| 4. If necessary, initiate lockdown procedure and contact law enforcement agencies. | 4. Building Administrator |
| 5. Monitor situation, adjust response as appropriate. If necessary, initiate Early Dismissal, Sheltering or Evacuation Procedures. | 5. Building Administrator |

NOTE: *Refer to NYS Police Threat Assessment Model (2007)

Comments:

B. MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Summon help or request someone call for help | 1. First person on scene |
| 2. Identify the stricken person | 2. First person on scene, trained medical personnel |
| 3. Protect the injured or ill person from further injury | 3. First person on scene, trained medical personnel |
| 4. Comfort the victim and administer first aid, if necessary | 4. Trained medical personnel |
| 5. Assess the need for further medical attention | 5. Trained medical personnel |
| 6. Notify Building Administrator | 6. Trained medical personnel |
| 7. Notify parent or guardian | 7. Building Administrator |

RECOMMENDATIONS:

In each case, the guiding principles are to provide appropriate emergency care until competent medical or parental care is secured. Emergency care is not authorized beyond proper first aid. First aid is treatment such as will protect the life and comfort of the victim until authorized medical treatment is available or, in the case of a student, until the child is placed under the care of the parent or guardian.

Signed instructions for emergencies from parents, guardians and from school personnel should be on file in the school medical office and the school main office. These signed statements should include the name and age of the person (pupil or employee) name, address and telephone number where one or both parents may be reached at home and at work; name, address and telephone number of another person who has agreed to care for the child if the parent cannot be reached; name, address and telephone number of the family physician (or Christian Science practitioner), family dentist, and preferred hospital; written authorization from the parent for school personnel to call the physician or hospital in serious emergencies when the parent cannot be reached; religion of the victim; and any special condition which should require special handling.

A list of all students and staff having special medical problems such as hypersensitivity to allergens, diabetes, epilepsy, etc.

Response Action:Person(s) Responsible:

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1. Relocate pupils away from danger area | 1. School bus driver, students |
| 2. Render first aid to injured persons | 2. Qualified person(s) on scene |
| 3. If necessary, request emergency assistance.
Ambulance, fire department and/or police | 3. Qualified person(s) on scene |
| 4. Notify Building Administrator, if needed. Request
spare vehicle to transport uninjured pupils | |
| 5. Identify the victims and where they are being
transported to | 5. Qualified person(s) on scene |
| 6. Notify parents or spouse of the victims | 6. Building Administrator |
| 7. Complete School District Accident Report Forms | 7. School Nurse |

Comments:

C

C. PARENT(S)/SPOUSE(S) AND RECEPTION CENTER NOTIFICATION PLAN

Utilize telephone lists or television and radio media to notify parents and spouses of an emergency involving an occupied school facility.

Designate a reception center at a location away from the incident. Provide this information during the notification process.

Several factors should be considered when selecting a reception center. They are as follows:

Physical Space:	Select a site that will accommodate a large influx of people to include parents and/or spouses and district representatives.
Containment:	Ensure that the site does not permit access by the media and is isolated from the Incident Command Post (I.C.P.), Emergency Operation Center (E.O.C.), and student body.
Necessary Accommodations:	Select a location that permits direct access to rest rooms and telephones and allows for the serving of refreshments. Several rooms should be made available for grieving family members and counseling sessions.
Support Personnel/Agencies:	If the situation warrants, station counselors, members of the clergy, medical personnel and Critical Incident Stress Debriefing Team at the reception center. A law enforcement/emergency services representative should be at the site also.
Dissemination of Information:	The Superintendent of Schools should assign, in advance, a staff member as the liaison/information specialist to work with the parents/spouses during a crisis. The individual assigned this duty must assume responsibility for arranging the details and providing accurate, up-to-date information regarding the incident.

C. SAMPLE

THREATS OF VIOLENCE IN THE SCHOOL: NOTIFICATION TO PARENT/GUARDIANS

(Date)

Dear Parents/Guardians:

Due to recent events which have occurred in schools throughout the country, our school district has placed renewed efforts and priority on helping to ensure a safe and secure school environment for our students and staff, and to implement measures to prevent school violence.

We are asking your cooperation in helping us address the issue of violence in our schools. It is only through cooperation with the home that the schools can be successful in implementing appropriate standards of student behavior.

Attached to this letter is a copy of our School District Policy addressing Threats of Violence in the School. We have also enclosed for your review a copy of a summary of the *Code of Conduct for the Maintenance of Order on School Property* which provides a list of sample proscribed activities (which is not intended to be exhaustive), as well as the range of disciplinary actions which may be taken. The complete *Code of Conduct* shall be available upon request.

Effective immediately, if your child threatens violence against others, whether staff and/or students, or makes threats involving the school or school buildings, he/she will face immediate disciplinary action as well as possible referral to local law enforcement agencies.

Additionally, the school district retains the right to seek restitution for any costs or damages incurred as a result of a student's actions and/or threats, such as the evacuation of the school building.

We are requesting that you discuss with your child the importance of his/her cooperation in reporting threats of violence against others, suicide threats, or threats involving the school building by calling the school hotline or reporting the threat to faculty members or the building principal.

Please discuss the attached Policy and *Code of Conduct* summary with your child, and sign and return the bottom portion of this form to the classroom teachers within the next seven (7) days.

Sincerely,

(Principal)

Please detach and have your child return to his/her classroom teacher.

My child, _____, and I have read, discussed and understand the Policy addressing Threats of Violence in the School and the *Code of Conduct* summary.

Signature of Parent(s)/Guardian(s) _____ Date _____

EMERGENCY CLOSINGS

The superintendent is empowered to close the district schools, delay the opening, or to dismiss students early in the event of hazardous conditions, including weather, which threaten the safety of students.

In making the decision to close schools, either the superintendent or his/her designee shall consider many factors, including the following:

- 1) The availability of parent(s)/guardian(s) to receive the student at home in the event schools should be dismissed early.
- 2) The health and safety of students remaining in a school environment.
- 3) Weather conditions, both existing and predicted.
- 4) Driving and traffic conditions affecting public and private transportation facilities.
- 5) Continuance or discontinuance of the operations of business, commercial and professional people in the area.

Facts will be assembled from the appropriate agencies and organizations before any decisions are made. For example, the Highway Department, Police Department, Weather Bureau, transportation companies and other governmental agencies, as needed, will be called.

Following the decision, communications will begin for the total notification of the students and staff. Either the superintendent or his/her designee shall notify the public media. Employees should listen to broadcasts beginning at 6:00 o'clock a.m. Any employee who is doubtful about reporting should contact his/her immediate supervisor.

Delayed School Plan

When it appears likely that weather and/or street conditions will improve later in the morning, a "delayed school opening" announcement may be made to the public. Employees shall make an effort to report to their assignment at the regular starting time.

"A" Schedule (One hour delay in all school starting times):

All schools will begin one hour later than normal starting times and dismiss at regular time.

"B" Schedule (Two hour delay in all school starting times):

All schools will begin two hours later than normal starting times and dismiss at regular time.

EMERGENCY CLOSINGS – Continued

Early Dismissal School Plan

When a sudden, unanticipated emergency condition, including weather alert, arises after school has commenced, and it is deemed appropriate to close schools and offices, the following actions will be followed:

- 1) The media will be called and the public will be informed of the decision.
- 2) Schools will be dismissed with dismissal time arranged to parallel the arrival of buses. No staff member may leave his/her assignment until all students have left the building (unless authorized to do so by the principal).
- 3) Elementary students can be released to the custody of their parent/guardian or another designated adult.

Staff Assignments

The superintendent is responsible for the effective operation of the school district at all times. Under Education Law, Sections 1711 and 3012, the superintendent is empowered to require certain groups of employees to work while other employees are not required to work because the absence of students reduces the productivity of these employees.

When schools are officially closed for students due to inclement weather or other emergency conditions:

- 1) In general, school-based personnel will not report with the exception of the building plant operators, custodians, maintenance, and janitorial staff, as per negotiated agreement.
- 2) The Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds, the transportation supervisor and the superintendent will report to work, along with other designated employees.
- 3) Principals will remain responsible for security of their schools and for seeing that the building and grounds are made as ready as possible for school on the next scheduled day.

Parent/Guardian Notifications

Principals have the responsibility to urge parents/guardians to make plans for the emergency supervision of their children should an all-day closing, a delayed opening, or an early closing of school be necessary.

Radio announcements or telephone trees may be used to notify staff members.

EMERGENCY CLOSINGS - Continued

Responsibility

Action

Before School

Superintendent/Designee	1)	Consults with highway officials or other agencies regarding road conditions and predicted weather patterns.
	2)	Makes decision as to closing.
	3)	If decision is to close, notifies:
	a.	Radio stations
	b.	Principals

During School

Transportation Supervisor	1)	Consults with highway officials or other agencies regarding road conditions and predicted weather patterns.
	2)	Informs superintendent of adverse conditions.
Superintendent	3)	Makes decision as to closing.
Superintendent/Designee	4)	If decision is to close, notifies:
	a.	Transportation Supervisor
	b.	Radio and television stations
	c.	Principals
	d.	Staff and Students
Transportation Supervisor	5)	Notifies drivers and substitutes where Necessary.
	6)	Reschedules school pickups as soon as decision is made.



School Bomb Threat Reporting Form

In 1999, the Office of Facilities Planning started collecting data on school bomb threats via a reporting form included in the February 1999 school bomb threat guidance document issued by the State Education Department and the State Police. This process predated the Uniform Violent Incident Reporting (UVIR) process mandated by Project SAVE – which also includes school bomb threat data.

Since the UVIR system is now operational, please note that we are no longer accepting the 1999 bomb threat reporting form. Please report all bomb threat data annually on the UVIR. This will eliminate duplicate work by both school and SED staff. For additional guidance on the UVIR, please see:

<http://www.p12.nysed.gov/sss/ssae/schoolsafety/vadir/InstructionsSSECReportingSystem.html>

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SECTION 4000: COMMUNICATION WITH OTHERS

A. Description of the arrangements for obtaining assistance during emergencies from emergency services organizations and local government agencies

- Step-by-Step Procedures4100

B. Procedures for obtaining advice and assistance4200
from local government officials including the county or city officials responsible for implementation of Article 2-B of the Executive Law

C. A system for informing all educational agencies within a school district of a disaster.

- Statement4300

In the case of a school district, maintaining certain information about each educational agency located in the school district, including information on:

- School population,4305
- Number of staff,
- Transportation needs, and
- Business and home telephone numbers of key officials of each such educational agency.

A

A. IN THE EVENT OF AN EMERGENCY OR VIOLENT INCIDENT THAT REQUIRES THE ASSISTANCE OF EMERGENCY RESPONSE AGENCIES

STEP 1	Call 911
STEP 2	Give Specific Information to the 911 Dispatcher • What type of emergency • Where – address, room, what floor • Who/how many are affected • Directions to access the scene
STEP 3	Local agencies, such as police, fire, ambulance, highway or public works, disaster coordinator will respond first
STEP 4	After assessing the emergency, LOCAL RESPONSE AGENCIES will contact county, state and federal agencies if additional assistance is necessary or if a disaster is declared which will invoke Article 2-B (See Page 4200)
STEP 5	Post incident response can be coordinated through local and county agencies. These could include the Red Cross, United Way Agencies and other local, county and state mental health resources.

B

B. NYS EXECUTIVE LAW Article 2-B Section 20**§ 20. Natural and man-made disasters; policy; definitions**

1. It shall be the policy of the state that:

- a. local government and emergency service organizations continue their essential role as the first line of defense in times of disaster, and that the state provide appropriate supportive services to the extent necessary;
- b. local chief executives take an active and personal role in the development and implementation of disaster preparedness programs and be vested with authority and responsibility in order to insure the success of such programs;
- c. state and local natural disaster and emergency response functions be coordinated using recognized practices in incident management in order to bring the fullest protection and benefit to the people;
- d. state resources be organized and prepared for immediate effective response to disasters which are beyond the capability of local governments and emergency service organizations; and
- e. state and local plans, organizational arrangements, and response capability required to execute the provisions of this article shall at all times be the most effective that current circumstances and existing resources allow.

2. As used in this article the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- a. "**Disaster**" means occurrence or imminent threat of wide spread or severe damage, injury, or loss of life or property resulting from any natural or man-made causes, including, but not limited to, fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, high water, landslide, mudslide, wind, storm, wave action, volcanic activity, epidemic, air contamination, terrorism, cyber event, blight, drought, infestation, explosion, radiological accident, nuclear, chemical, biological, or bacteriological release, water contamination, bridge failure or bridge collapse.
- b. "**State Disaster Emergency**" means a period beginning with a declaration by the governor that a disaster exists and ending upon the termination thereof.
- c. "**Municipality**" means a public corporation as defined in subdivision one of section sixty-six of the general construction law and a special district as defined in subdivision sixteen of section one hundred two of the real property tax law.
- d. "**Commission**" means the disaster preparedness commission created pursuant to section twenty-one of this article.
- e. "**Emergency Services Organization**" means a public or private agency, voluntary organization or group organized and functioning for the purpose of providing fire, medical, ambulance, rescue, housing, food or other services directed toward relieving human suffering, injury or loss of life or damage to property as a result of an emergency, including non-profit and governmentally-supported organizations, but excluding governmental agencies.

f. **"Chief Executive"** means:

- (1) a county executive or manager of a county;
- (2) in a county not having a county executive or manager, the chairman or other presiding officer of the county legislative body;
- (3) a mayor of a city or village, except where a city or village has a manager, it shall mean such manager; and
- (4) a supervisor of a town, except where a town has a manager, it shall mean such manager.

g. **"Disaster emergency response personnel"** means agencies, public officers, employees, or affiliated volunteers having duties and responsibilities under or pursuant to a comprehensive emergency management plan.

h. **"Emergency management director"** means the government official responsible for emergency preparedness, response and recovery for a county, city, town, or village.

i. **"Incident Management Team"** means a state certified team of trained personnel from different departments, organizations, agencies, and jurisdictions within the state, or a region of the state, activated to support and manage major and/or complex incidents requiring a significant number of local, regional, and state resources.

j. **"Executive Level Officer"** means a state agency officer with the authority to deploy agency assets and resources and make decisions binding a state agency.

k. **"Third Party Non-State Resources"** means any contracted resource that is not owned or controlled by the state or a political subdivision including, but not limited to, ambulances, construction crews, or contractors.

C

**C. IN THE EVENT OF AN EMERGENCY WITHIN THE
SUPERVISORY DISTRICT TERRITORIAL LIMITS, THE
SUPERINTENDENT, OR DESIGNEE, OF THE
WEST SENECA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WILL:**

- 1) Act as the chief communication liaison for the non-public
Educational agencies listed on the following pages
- 2) Contact the Erie 1 BOCES District Superintendent
- 3) Offer resources that are available.

SECTION 5000: PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION STRATEGIES

- A. Policies and procedures related to school building security, including, where appropriate, the use of school safety officers and/or security devices or procedures
- Safety/Security *Policy Number 5680*
- B. Procedures for the dissemination of informative materials regarding the early detection of potentially violent behaviors, including, but not limited to:
- Board of Education Policies..... *Policy Number 1420*
 - Community Notification of Sex Offenders..... *Policy Number 7560*
 - Staff Development Training *Policy Number 6230*
 - Crisis Response *Policy Number 5683*
- C. Appropriate prevention and intervention strategies such as: *Policy Number 5200*
- Collaborative agreements with local law enforcement officials (Memorandum)
 - Non-violent conflict resolution training program
 - Peer mediation programs and youth courts
- D. Strategies for improving communication among students *Policy Number 5300*
and between students and staff and reporting of potentially violent incidents, such as the establishment of:
- Youth-run programs,
 - Peer mediation,
 - Conflict resolution,
 - Creating a forum or designating a mentor for students concerned with bullying or violence,
 - Establishing anonymous reporting mechanisms for school violence, and
 - Others based on district need
- E. Description of duties, hiring and screening process, and..... *Policy Number 5400*
required training of hall monitors and other school safety personnel.

A

B

C

DRAFT

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

Between the

WEST SENECA POLICE DEPARTMENT

AND

WEST SENECA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE
WEST SENECA POLICE DEPARTMENT AND
THE WEST SENECA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**

PROJECT “SAVE” (Safe Schools Against Violence in Education)

While violence isn’t the only safety issue schools face, the past decade has witnessed numerous acts of tragic violence in schools in all parts of the nation. Since 1992, twenty-two schools throughout the country have experienced multiple victim homicides. In the last three years alone, nine acts of violence on school grounds have resulted in the deaths of twenty-five students and four teachers, and the wounding of another seventy-two students and three school employees. These senseless acts of violence have occurred in urban, suburban and rural communities where people previously believed that such an incident could not happen in their schools. Fortunately, no school in New York State has been the site of the types of horrific violence that have occurred in other schools throughout the nation.

New York State schools, however, are not free of the types of violent student behavior and student victimization that seriously impede the educational progress of students. The 1999 Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS), conducted by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, was administered to a representative sample of students throughout New York State high schools. The survey results document the continued presence of safety concerns on the part of many students. Students being threatened bodily harm by beating or with a weapon on school property, bringing weapons to school for protection and students not attending school due to concern for their safety were reported in the survey.

The “SAVE” legislation requires school districts to work collaboratively with local law enforcement agencies to develop strategies that will create an environment that will be conducive to the learning and teaching process.

GENERAL STATEMENT

The West Seneca Police Department and the Board of Education for the West Seneca Central School District recognize that the abuse of alcohol and other drugs and the threat to personal safety are societal problems and the remediation of these problems must begin at the community level. These two groups pledge to adopt a formal “Memorandum of Understanding” that will outline for both the rights and responsibilities each will assume to affect positive change.

Both parties agree that as we ask school personnel to take a more active role in observing the behavior of students and to make decisions about the appropriateness of that behavior, that the role of students, teachers, staff and the law enforcement officials involved must be clearly understood.

PROCEDURE

Any student or school district employee will immediately report any of the aforementioned noncompliance of the school district “Drug Free Policy” and “Gun Free Policy” directly to the Building administrator. The Building Administrator shall have authority to take appropriate action immediately and will notify the Superintendent as soon as is reasonably possible.

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

The West Seneca Central School District and the West Seneca Police Department agree to work collaboratively in developing a “Memorandum of Understanding” that addresses the following:

- 1) The types of incidents that require notification of the police department.
- 2) The expectations of the students, counselors, teachers and administrators regarding the discovery of alcohol and other drugs, or weapons in school, on school grounds or at school sponsored activities.
- 3) The notification process necessary when a student is found in possession of alcohol, illegal drugs or dangerous weapons.
- 4) The procedures outlining the actions of law enforcement officers when contraband is turned over to them by school officials.
- 5) The procedures by which students and parents will be notified of the adoption of this Memorandum of Understanding.

POLICE DEPARTMENT ACTION

- 1) The Chief of Police agrees that any officer responding to the school shall act responsibly to ensure that a trusting relationship is fostered with all school personnel.
- 2) The police will respond to any call relating to violations of the law as soon as is reasonably possible.
- 3) If a student is arrested, notification of parent/guardian will follow the District “Code of Conduct” policy.
- 4) In instances where the removal of the student is essential to insure the safety of himself/herself or others, the police will do so immediately and work with the school district to contact the parent/guardian as soon as is reasonably possible.
- 5) The police will remove any confiscated illegal drugs, drug paraphernalia or dangerous weapons in possession of the school administration.
- 6) The police will cooperate with the school to ensure that the education process is not disrupted whenever possible.
- 7) A designated officer will be appointed to serve on the district “Building Level SAVE Team. (Liaison)
- 8) School Administration will be notified by the police regarding incidents that were reported but not by school administration.
- 9) All police personnel will receive a copy of the procedures

ACTIONS OF SCHOOL PERSONNEL

- 1) The school district will have a procedure in place that will be used to report incidents of abuse, possession of alcohol or drugs, drug paraphernalia and dangerous weapons to school administration.
- 2) All school personnel will receive a copy of the procedure.
- 3) The Building Administrator/Designee is authorized to call the police liaison to report any illegal activity or need for assistance.

WHAT SHOULD BE REPORTED TO THE SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR

- 1) Possession of alcohol by a minor.
- 2) Possession of illegal drugs or misuse of over the counter drugs.
- 3) The possession of drug paraphernalia.
- 4) Students suspected, found, or admitting to being under the influence of alcohol or other drugs in school or at school sponsored activities.
- 5) The possession of any firearm or other illegal weapon on school property or at school sponsored activities.
- 6) Any time there is a threat of severe bodily harm or homicide to anyone on school property or at school sponsored events.

WHAT SHOULD BE REPORTED TO THE POLICE

- 1) Possession of alcohol by a minor aged 16-20 years old.
- 2) Possession of illegal drugs to include inhalants, marijuana, cocaine, crack, heroin, LSD, PCP, amphetamines, all steroids and designer drugs.
- 3) Any student in possession of or under the influence of alcohol or other drugs for whom a parent or immediate family member cannot be contacted.
- 4) Intoxication of any student that is deemed to be a behavior or safety problem to school personnel or other students or school property.
- 5) Possession of drug paraphernalia as described in the penal law.
- 6) Possession of illegal weapons.
- 7) Where there is a threat of bodily harm or homicide to anyone on school property or school sponsored events, the individual threatened may elect to file a formal complaint with the police department.

(Signature) President – Board of Education

Date

(Signature) Superintendent

Date

(Signature) Chief of Police

Date

D

The West Seneca Central School District recognizes the importance of good communication among students and between students and staff and encourages the school community to strive for improvement at all times. Sharing information is the first line of defense in keeping our schools safe. It is vital that our students understand that reporting information about potential problems is a way of preventing harm to another. Reporting concerns that may impact on the safety and health of others is the responsibility of the entire West Seneca Central School District community.

Short-term and long-term strategies to bettering communication and preventing violence in our schools include:

- Set clear expectations for students, and communicate these standards to students, staff and parents
- Pay attention to what students are saying
- Peer listening and mediation
- Develop identification and reporting procedures to record students who show signs and symptoms of violent behavior
- Encourage communication among parents, students, staff and community members about any concerns to appropriate resource people in schools and communities
- Foster collaboration among school, home and community for peaceable schools
- Train staff to listen and question effectively

E

E. DESCRIPTION OF DUTIES, HIRING AND SCREENING PROCESS, REQUIRED TRAINING OF HALL MONITORS AND OTHER SCHOOL SAFETY PERSONNEL.

The process of establishing the duties for hall monitors and other school safety personnel shall rely on past practice, or be completed by civil service with consultation of the West Seneca Central School District, or shall be determined by the West Seneca Central School District pursuant to applicable Federal, State, County and Municipal guidance. (Example found in appendix)

The West Seneca Central School District is an equal opportunity employer. The Civil Rights Act 1964 prohibits discrimination in employment because of race, sex or national origin. Public Law 90-202 prohibits discrimination because of age. Section 504 of the rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicap.

The process of hiring hall monitors and/or school safety personnel will follow applicable Federal, State, County and Municipal laws & Guidelines. The qualifications for such positions will be established by civil service when applicable or by the Board of Education. On or after July 1st, 2001, all newly hired school personnel will be required to submit two sets of fingerprints for the purpose of background checks, consistent with the S.A.V.E. Legislation of 2000.

If the West Seneca Central School District uses the service of a contractual security company, the district should verify with the Department of State's License Bureau to ensure that the prospective contractor is an authorized employer in good standing.

If the West Seneca Central School District, a public (exempt) entity, employs at least one security guard, then the district is subject to the Security Guard Act of 1992 (General Business Law § 89-f (5), (7)). Any public entity employing a security guard must ensure that the security guard is registered with the NYS Department of State. The Department of State will only register applicants who have satisfied the requirements established by the Secretary. Registration for a security guard is effective two years. No school district shall knowingly employ a person as a security guard unless: the school district has verified with the Department (State) that such person possess a valid registration card which has not expired or been revoked; or Such school district has filed with the Department (State) in a manner prescribed by rules and regulations promulgated by the

**E. DESCRIPTION OF DUTIES, HIRING AND SCREENING
PROCESS, REQUIRED TRAINING OF HALL MONITORS
AND OTHER SCHOOL SAFETY PERSONNEL -
CONTINUED**

Department. (Duties of a security guard and requirements and of a NYS Security Guard License are included in the appendix) A district employing a security guard must provide proof of self insurance or liability insurance coverage to the Department of State in the Amount of \$100,000 per occurrence and \$300,000 in the aggregate (General Business Law § 89-g (6)). A licensed security guard in New York State must undergo an Investigation. Within five business days after the receipt of an application the department (state) shall transmit to the division (DCJS) two sets of fingerprints and the fee required pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision ten of section eighty-nine-h of Gen. Bus. Law and cause to be conducted a search of state files to ascertain whether the applicant has been charged with or convicted of a serious offense and may cause to be conducted an investigation to verify the information contained in the application provided. Under section 89-o of the General Business Law, the secretary of state is empowered to adopt rules and regulation implementing the provisions of this article. Such rules and regulations shall include criteria for determining whether a person is a security guard or whether a particular function is a security guard function as defined by subdivision six of section eighty-nine –f of this article.

Job Description – Monitor

Provided by Erie County Civil Service

SCHOOL MONITOR SCHOOLS
ERIE COUNTY
SCHOOLS
DISTRICT

DISTINGUISHING FEATURES OF THE CLASS: The work involves performing non-teaching duties in overseeing student activities during regular school session and after hours in a suburban school district. This work of ordinary difficulty, involving responsibility of assisting teachers and administrators by performing assigned routine tasks, including the supervision and care of children. The incumbent must be firm, but courteous and congenial in exercising their influence on students. Since there are definite limits in the type and complexities of assignments, the class of school monitor differs in that respect from teacher aide, which usually involves duties of greater difficulty, generally requiring specific skills or abilities. Work is performed under the direct supervision of a principal, teacher or school administrator. Does related work as required.

TYPICAL WORK ACTIVITIES:

Assists in supervising recreation and lunch periods and study halls;
Guides children safety across streets and intersections;
Maintains order in gymnasiums, locker rooms, swimming pools, and assigned areas before and after school; Oversees students passing between classes and in locker rooms and on premises before and after school;
Issues athletic supplies and equipment when required;
Helps children in lower grades with wearing apparel;
May assist in arraigning and ordering films, projectors, VCR. and other learning aides as required;
May be assigned to assist bus drivers with pupils boarding, riding and leaving school busses.

FULL PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGES, SKILLS, ABILITIES AND PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS:

Ability to establish good relationships and get along well with children, and command their respect; ability to maintain order and to enforce school regulations with firmness; ability to get along with teachers, administrators, and others; ability to understand and follow oral and written instructions; good power of observation; dependability; neat personal appearance; tact; courtesy; good judgement; physical condition commensurate with the demands of the position.

Job Description – Monitor - Continued

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:

- A. Graduation from high school or possession of a high school equivalency diploma; or four (4) years experience in the care and supervision of children; or
- B. An equivalent combination of training and experience as defined by the limits of (A.) and (B.)

NOTE: Verifiable part-time and or volunteer experience will be pro-rated toward meeting full-time experience requirements

NOTE: A person assigned to this position does not have the authority to direct traffic. This is the function of a police officer only.

Job Description – Security Guard

Provided by the NYS Department of State

Description

A security guard is defined as a person employed within New York State, other than active police officers and federally regulated personnel, to principally perform one or more of the following duties without performing the functions of a private investigator.

Protection of individuals and/or property from harm, theft or other unlawful activity;
Deterrence, observation, detection and/or reporting of incidents in order to prevent any unlawful or unauthorized activity including but not limited to unlawful or unauthorized intrusion or entry, larceny, vandalism, abuse, arson or trespass on property;

Street patrol service;

Response to but not installation or service of a security system alarm installed and/or used to prevent or detect unauthorized intrusion, robbery, burglary, theft, pilferage and other losses and/or to maintain security of protected premises.

Registration Requirements

An applicant must file an application with the New York State Department of State's Division of Licensing Services in order to become registered as a security guard. In addition, the applicant must meet the following requirements:

Complete a minimum of 8 hours of pre-assignment training

Not have been convicted of a serious offense

Be of good moral character and fitness

Not have been discharged from a correctional/law enforcement agency for incompetence or misconduct

Individuals that meet these qualifications, and those indicated below will be issued a photographic ID card signifying that they are authorized to perform security guard functions. Since these ID cards are made by the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) using the image on file in their office from the individual's NYS Driver's License or Non-Driver ID card, applicants must provide their 9-digit DMV ID number where requested on their Security Guard application. Once their Security Guard application is approved for registration, the applicant's name and DMV number are sent to DMV to have an ID card made. The Department of Motor Vehicles will mail the ID card to the applicant's residence address on file with the Department of State.

Job Description – Security Guard - Continued

Age

Must be at least 18 years of age.

Training

Security guards are required to complete training programs administered by the Division of Criminal Justice Services, Bureau for Municipal Police. Those courses are:

8 hours pre-assignment training

16-hour on the job training (must be completed within 90 days of employment)

8 hours of annual in service

47-hour firearms course for security guards who carry a firearm

Holders of a special armed guard registration card must complete an additional 8-hour in service training course annually.

Fees

\$36 - 2-year registration

\$50 - Fingerprint fee payable to Division of Criminal Justice Services with original application

\$25 - Renewal fee, every 2 years

Licensing Authority

New York State Department of State

Division of Licensing Services

84 Holland Avenue

Albany, New York 12208-3490

Phone: (518) 473-2739

Fax: (518) 473-2730/1

Occupational Reference Codes

33-9032 - Security Guards - Dictionary of Standard Occupational Classifications, October 2000

APPENDIX I

Buildings covered by the District-Wide Plan:

Allendale Elementary

1399 Orchard Park Road
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3660

Clinton Street Elementary

4100 Clinton Street
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3620

Northwood Elementary

250 Northwood Avenue
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3640

West Elementary/District Offices

1397 Orchard Park Road
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3250

Winchester-Potters Elementary

675 Potters Road
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3580

East Middle/District Offices

1445 Center Road
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3530

Transportation Department

3300 Seneca Street
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3820

West Middle

395 Center Road
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3500

East Senior High

4760 Seneca Street
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3300

West Senior High

3330 Seneca Street
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3350

Ebenezer Building/District Offices

900 Mill Road
West Seneca, NY 14224
Phone: 677-3695

APPENDIX II



Emergency Remote Instruction Plan

Appendix II : Emergency Remote Instruction Plan (beginning 2023-2024)

This appendix addresses the 2022-2023 amendments of Sections 100.1, 155.17, and 175.5 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education Relating to Remote Instruction and its Delivery under Emergency Conditions, and the amendments of Sections 200.7, 200.16, and 200.20 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education Relating to Remote Instruction and its Delivery Under Emergency Conditions and Length of School Day for Approved School-Age and Preschool Programs Serving Students with Disabilities

INTRODUCTION

The West Seneca Central School District developed the following Emergency Remote Instruction Plan to address the instruction of students if extraordinary circumstances prevent students and staff from physically attending school. The Emergency Remote Instruction Plan meets the requirements of New York State Education Commissioner's Regulations for inclusion in the 2023-2024 District-Wide School Safety Plan. Additionally, the plan adheres to guidance set forth in Board of Education policies such as, Emergency Regulation Regarding Student Registration and Attendance; Staff Use of District Technology and Student Use of District Technology; Code of Conduct; Student Dress Code.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The NYS Education Department (NYSED) authorized a "snow day pilot" program during the Covid-19 pandemic 2020-2021 and 2021-2022 school years. This program allowed school districts to deliver instruction remotely on days in which they would otherwise have closed due to an emergency.

To give districts greater predictability, in September 2022, the NYSED Board of Regents amended section 175.5(e) of the Commissioner's regulations to codify this flexibility. Districts that would otherwise close due to an emergency may, **but are not required to**, remain in session and provide instruction through remote learning and count these instructional days towards the annual hours requirement for State Aid purposes. Instruction must be provided to all students and be consistent with the definition of remote instruction, as explained below. In addition, beginning with the 2023-2024 school year, such instruction must be consistent with the school district's Emergency Remote Instruction Plan.

NYSED also amended section 155.17 of the Commissioner's regulations to require public schools, BOCES, and county vocational education and extension boards amend their District-wide School Safety Plans to include plans for remote instruction beginning with the 2023-2024 school year. This gives the public an opportunity to provide feedback on such plans for remote instruction prior to their adoption. The Emergency Remote Instruction Plan must include the methods that the school district will ensure the availability of: devices; internet access; provision of special education and related services for students with disabilities; the expectations for time spent in different remote modalities.

Such plans also require that each chief executive officer of each educational agency located within a public school district report information on student access to computing devices and access to the internet each year.

NYSED additions to section 100.1 of the Commissioner’s regulations define the term “remote instruction.” This definition identifies various ways in which remote instruction may be delivered, but which must include, in all situations, regular and substantive teacher-student interaction with an appropriately certified teacher.

The NYS Board Regents adopted the amendments noted above that became effective as a permanent rule on September 28, 2022.

Sections 200.7, 200.16, and 200.20 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education were amended, and became effective September 13, 2022, and December 12, 2022, as an emergency action for the preservation of the general welfare to permit approved special education providers to provide remote instruction in the 2022-2023 school year on days they would otherwise close due to an emergency and to count such instructional days towards 14 minimum requirements and to identify the ways in which such remote instruction may be delivered. These amendments relate to remote instruction and its delivery under emergency conditions for students in approved private schools for the education of students with disabilities, state-supported schools, state-operated schools, and approved preschool special education programs. These updated regulations now provide the same flexibility for remote instruction under emergency conditions that was given to school districts. The effective date of the final rule was January 25, 2023.

REMOTE INSTRUCTION

The Commissioner's regulations define remote instruction as “instruction provided by an appropriately certified teacher, or in the case of a charter school an otherwise qualified teacher pursuant to Education Law §2854(3)(a-1), who is not in the same in-person physical location as the student(s) receiving the instruction, where there is regular and substantive daily interaction between the student and teacher.” For the purpose of this plan, remote instruction means the instruction occurring when the student and the instructor are in different locations due to the closure of one or more of the district's school buildings due to emergency conditions as determined by the Superintendent of Schools. Emergency conditions include, but are not limited to, extraordinary adverse weather conditions, impairment of heating facilities, insufficient water supply, prolonged disruption of electrical power, shortage of fuel, destruction of a school building, shortage of transportation vehicles, or a communicable disease outbreak, and the school district would otherwise close due to such an emergency.

UNSCHEDULED SCHOOL DELAYS AND EARLY RELEASES

Instructional hours that a school district scheduled but did not execute, either because of a delay to the start of a school day or an early release, due to emergency conditions, may still be considered as instructional hours for State aid purposes for up to two instructional hours per session day, provided the School Superintendent certifies such to NYSED, on the prescribed NYSED form, that an extraordinary condition existed on a previously scheduled session day and that school was in session on that day ([NYSED Part 175.5](#)).

The Emergency Remote Instruction Plan shall identify various ways in which instruction may be delivered, including synchronous and asynchronous instruction. In all situations, remote

instruction requires regular and substantive teacher-student interaction with an appropriately certified teacher.

Synchronous instruction engages students in learning in the direct presence (remote or in-person) of a teacher in real time. During remote instruction, students and teachers attend together from different locations using technology. Asynchronous instruction is self-directed learning that students engage in learning without the direct presence (remote or in-person) of a teacher. Students access class materials during different hours and from different locations. During an emergency closing, synchronous instruction is the preferred method of instruction, whereas asynchronous instruction is considered supplementary instruction.

ENSURING ACCESSIBILITY AND AVAILABILITY (INTERNET, COMPUTERS/DEVICES)

The West Seneca Central School District shall survey families to find out who has a reliable high-speed internet connection. A survey conducted in 2020 identified families who live in the district that do not have access, therefore remote learning is a challenge, if not impossible, for these students. Since 2020, every student who enrolls in the district provides information on internet access and computer accessibility. All survey information is stored and available in the Google Workspace for Education. When students do not have internet access, the district works with the families to develop a plan to provide instructional materials for them as well as a process for recording attendance and grading. The District also has made Cellular Hotspots available for student use, which may be requested through their school building. The District also works with families to provide community locations where the internet can be accessed. If the accommodations listed above are not feasible, the District will work with families and/or staff on an individual basis.

Commissioner's regulation 115.17(f) outlines the annual data collection that districts must submit to SED every year by June 30. It requires the school district to survey families regarding internet and device access at the student's place(s) of residence. The chief executive officer (School Superintendent) shall survey students and parents and persons in parental relation to such students to obtain information on student access to computing devices and access to internet connectivity.

[Board Policy - 7170](#) and procedures are followed to ensure computing devices are made available to students or other means by which students will participate in synchronous instruction.

WEST SENECA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

EMERGENCY REMOTE INSTRUCTION LEARNING PLAN

POLICIES	The plan adheres to guidance set forth in the following Board of Education policies: <u>Remote Learning</u> , <u>Staff Use of Computerized Information Resources</u> , <u>Code of Conduct</u>
INTERNET AND DIGITAL DEVICE ACCESS	The school district provides all students in grades K-12 access to a personal computing device, a chromebook (1:1). In the event of an emergency, closing provisions will be made to the greatest extent

	possible to ensure that all students have their device at home for instruction. The school district participates fully in the SED Digital Access Survey along with locally developed surveys to assess how many students have internet access at home. The district provides Cellular Hotspots to families that indicate a need for reliable internet to facilitate access to learning at home (based on available devices). All faculty should have an alternative general activity for students in the instance that widespread power outages or other disruptions to connectivity occur preventing synchronous connection. If students lose connectivity, then the expectation is they will complete the alternate assignment provided.
PEDAGOGY	All teachers in grades K-12 will use the Google Workspace as their primary instructional platform on district provided devices (i.e. Chromebook and/or Laptop). Several district provided instructional technology software programs are available to support instruction along with a wide array of other resources curated by faculty. Teachers will utilize these programs to differentiate instruction, accessing a variety of delivery methods that best suit their course, grade level, and teaching style. The instructional approach may include a combination of: <u>Synchronous “Live” Instruction</u> - Using Google Classroom along with other digital platforms, teachers will deliver real time instruction to a full group or subset of students. Teachers may incorporate asynchronous or project based opportunities within this model. <i>Teachers will make personal connections with all students during scheduled class times via Google Classroom. These connections will allow teachers to take attendance, introduce new content or skills and will allow students to connect with their teachers and peers in order to be guided through lessons, ask questions, and maintain personal relationships. The duration of these synchronous connections depends on the grade level and daily instructional plan but should be the primary mode of instruction and substantial enough to guide learning.</i> <u>Asynchronous “Flipped” Instruction</u> - Using a variety of digital platforms, teachers will deliver captured or recorded lessons with associated expectations for students’ participation and assignment completion. These activities may include teacher/student synchronous interactions for a portion of the lesson.

	<u>Authentic Independent Instruction</u> - Using a variety of methods, teachers will engage students in high quality learning activities. These activities must engage students in the learning process. Teachers will provide assistance to students in this mode of instruction through asynchronous and synchronous methods outlined above. <u>Staff Training</u> - Instructional staff have been trained through multiple mediums on our Learning Management System (LMS) Google Classroom. The trainings highlight system usage, document management, classroom management, and communication. Available mediums include: Classroom Instruction, Virtual Instruction, Peer to peer, one on one training with our tech integration team.
STUDENT EXPECTATIONS	All students will receive information on how to access course material and instruction from their teachers. Students are expected to follow all directions and requests to participate in instruction to the fullest extent possible. During synchronous instruction students are expected to be school ready. This includes being on time for class, engaging fully through video and audio as directed by their teacher, and presenting themselves in a manner that is in accordance with school expectations. • All students are expected to practice appropriate digital etiquette and responsible behavior during assigned instruction periods. (e.g., Google Meets): ◦ Mute yourself on meets as directed by your teacher ◦ Cameras are to be kept on during classroom meets unless directed specifically by your teacher to do otherwise. • Students are expected to work in an appropriate setting when participating remotely / on-line. Work places include a desk, table, kitchen counter, etc... Other locations are not appropriate or acceptable. • Student dress must be appropriate in all platforms - the Student Dress Code section of the Student Handbook / Code of Conduct applies to students in all platforms. If there are any circumstances preventing full and appropriate participation the student should let the teacher know. As this is a required attendance day, students must fulfill expectations for satisfactory participation as determined by their teacher.
DAILY SCHEDULE	The virtual day will follow the same schedule framework as the HS, MS and Elementary School to which the student is assigned. As with all school schedules, appropriate breaks will be included in the daily schedule for students and faculty, including time for lunch. Students will attend all assigned classes at their scheduled time. The method of instructional delivery will vary to facilitate appropriate screen time per

	age level within these parameters. Teachers will provide office hours on Monday -Thursday in order to support students and/or be available for parents/family questions.
COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL: INTERVENTION	Teachers will follow the same communication protocols that are established in school for addressing areas of academic or behavioral need. This includes a combination of email, phone calls, and academic/behavioral referrals to the administration. All effective strategies should be accessed to maintain effective communication.
SPECIAL SERVICES	School districts are required to implement supports, services and accommodations, as indicated in students' IEPs or 504 Accommodation Plans, to the best of their ability as outlined by NYSED. NYSED recognizes that there may be limitations to implementing certain services or accommodations through remote instruction and as a result, encourages districts to apply a "lens of reasonableness" to their approach. Please see this document for specific guidelines.
NON- INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES ● TRANSPORTATION ● FOOD SERVICE ● MAINTENANCE ● CUSTODIAL ● CLERICAL/ ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT	When a school district is in remote session, non-instructional services may still be required to report to work to perform critical services related to their area of expertise. In the event that the change to remote instruction is due to a snow or other weather emergency, such change will likely impact transportation and other critical services. Decisions whether or not non-instructional employees should report to work will be made and communicated in real time by the appropriate supervisor or administrator based on whether services can be provided in a safe and efficient manner.

NYSED Plan Requirements

1. Policies and procedures to ensure computing devices will be made available to students or other means by which students will participate in synchronous instruction;
2. Policies and procedures to ensure students receiving remote instruction under emergency conditions will access internet connectivity;
3. Expectations for school staff as to the proportion of time spent in synchronous and asynchronous instruction of students on days of remote instruction under emergency conditions with an expectation that asynchronous instruction is supplementary to synchronous instruction;
4. A description of how instruction will occur for those students for whom remote instruction by digital technology is not available or appropriate;
5. A description of how special education and related services will be provided to students with disabilities and preschool students with disabilities, as applicable, in accordance with their individualized education programs to ensure the continued provision of a free appropriate public education; and

6. For school districts that receive foundation aid, the estimated number of instructional hours the school district intends to claim for State aid purposes for each day spent in remote instruction due to emergency conditions pursuant to section 175.5 of this Chapter.

INSTRUCTIONAL HOURS FOR STATE AID AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to Section 175.5 of Education Law the school district may decide to transition to remote instruction in the event emergency conditions dictate the closure of the PreK through Grade 12 facilities. Under the provisions of New York State Education Law and the District Emergency Remote Instruction Plan any instruction sessions provided during the closure of the school facilities are counted towards annual hour requirements for meeting 180 days required for State financial aid.

Annual Hourly Requirements for the purpose of apportionment of State Aid (for districts receiving foundation aid) are noted below:

- 450 instructional hours for pupils in half-day kindergarten
- 900 instructional hours for pupils in full-day kindergarten and grades one through six
- 990 instructional hours for pupils in grades seven through twelve

The district estimates the number of instructional hours it intends to claim for State aid purposes for each day spent in remote instruction due to emergency conditions from a minimum of 1 remote instruction day due to emergency conditions, up to the full year's annual hourly requirement. A district remote instructional day is the same number of hours as an in-person instructional day.

For example, if the school district has three (3) remote instructional days in a school year, then it will claim an estimated total hours for State Aid purposes due to emergency conditions as follows:

1. Grades K-5: 6 hours, 15 minutes X 3 days = 18 hours, 45 minutes
2. Grades 6-8: 6 hours, 36 minutes X 3 days = 19 hours, 48 minutes
3. Grades 9-12: 6 hours, 35 minutes X 3 days = 19 hours, 45 minutes
4. For a district-wide estimated total of 58 hours, 18 minutes

TRANSPORTATION

When a school district is in remote session, pupil transportation must be provided to students attending religious and independent schools, charter schools or students whose individualized education program (IEP) have placed them out of district. In the event that the change to remote instruction is due to a snow or other weather emergency, such change will likely impact transportation for students attending school outside of the district. Decisions not to transport need

to be based on real-time information relevant to the safety of students, staff and vehicles. School districts and religious and independent schools, charter schools and other programs are encouraged to work together to ensure continuity of education while ensuring that transportation can be provided in a safe and efficient manner.

REPORTING

IMMEDIATELY

Whenever a school building must close to instruction due to the activation of its District-wide School Safety Plan or Building-level Emergency Response Plan, a *Report of School Closure* must be submitted to the Commissioner of Education by the School Superintendent as required under CR 155.17(f) via the NYSED Report of School Closure portal. Even when remote instruction is provided during an emergency closure, a *Report of School Closure* must be submitted. This also applies when instruction can be delivered in an interim location or via another instructional modality.

When it is determined that it is safe to re-open a school building after an emergency closure, the School Superintendent must notify the Commissioner by completing a corresponding *Report of School Re-Opening*, via the NYSED Report of School Re-Opening portal.

The *Report of School Closure* is intended to provide immediate notification to the Commissioner regarding an emergency closure. The *Report of School Re-Opening* notifies the Commissioner of the re-opening and also collects the actual duration of the closure, the location and modality of instruction, and detailed information that may not have been available at the time of the closure.

Reasons for building closures may include, but are not limited to, natural disasters, power outages, instances of infectious disease, extraordinary adverse weather conditions and threats of violence. It is no longer required to submit a *Report of School Closure* for routine snow days.

ANNUALLY BY JUNE 30th

The School Superintendent shall notify the NYSED Commissioner the results of the survey on student access to computing devices and access to internet connectivity through the Student Information Repository System (SIRS) every year by June 30th.

END OF THE SCHOOL YEAR

The school district shall report Emergency Remote Instruction through the State Aid Management System at the end of the school year. After the close of the school year starting with the ending of 2023-2024, the School Superintendent reports remote instructional days under emergency conditions through the State Aid Management System, and certifies this at the time NYSED's

Form A is submitted as part of other required certifications. Using the NYSED prescribed form, the School Superintendent certifies to NYSED:

- That an emergency condition existed on a previously scheduled session day and that the school district was in session and provided remote instruction on that day;
- How many instructional hours were provided on such session day; and
- Beginning with the 2023- 2024 school year, that remote instruction was provided in accordance with the district's Emergency Remote Instruction Plan.

BOARD OF EDUCATION APPROVAL

As part of the District-wide School Safety Plan, the school district's Board of Education shall make the Emergency Remote Instruction Plan available for public comment and public hearing for no less than thirty days (30) prior to adoption. The plan must be adopted as part of the District Wide School Safety Plan annually prior to September 1st and posted on the district website in a conspicuous location.

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